UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 24, 2022

AVROBIO, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-38537

81-0710585 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

One Kendall Square Building 300, Suite 201 Cambridge, MA 02139 rincipal executive offices, inclu

(617) 914-8420 ephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable (Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

	ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the owing provisions:				
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)				
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)				
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))				
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))				
ecu	curities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:				
	Trading Name of each exchange				

	irading	Name of each exchange
Title of each class	symbol(s)	on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	AVRO	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

tem 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On May 24, 2022, AVROBIO, Inc. (the "Company") updated its corporate presentation for use in meetings with investors, analysts and others. A copy of the slide presentation is filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

- 99.1 <u>AVROBIO, Inc. slide presentation, dated May 2022.</u>
- 104 The cover page from this Current Report on Form 8-K, formatted in Inline XBR

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

AVROBIO, INC.

Date: May 24, 2022

By: /s/ Geoff MacKay
Geoff MacKay
President and Chief Executive Officer



Disclaimer



This presentation has been prepared by AVROBIO, Inc. ("AVROBIO") for informational purposes only and not for any other purpose. Certain information contained in this presentation and statements made orally during this presentation relate to or are based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and AVROBIO's own internal estimates and research. While AVROBIO believes these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, it has not independently verified, and AVROBIO makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of any information obtained from third-party sources. While AVROBIO believes its internal research is reliable, such research has not been verified by any independent source.

This presentation may contain forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by words and phrases such as "aims," "anticipates," "believes," "could," "designed to," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "goal," "intends," "may," "plans," "possible," "potential," "seeks," "will, and variations of these words and phrases or similar expressions that are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements regarding our business strategy for and the potential therapeutic benefits of our current and prospective product candidates; the design, commencement, enrollment and timing of ongoing or planned clinical trials and regulatory pathways; our plans and expectations with respect to the development of our clinical and preclinical product candidates, including timing, design and initiation of our potential clinical and registration trials and anticipated interactions with regulatory updates; the timing of patient recruitment and enrollment activities, clinical trial results, and product approvals; the timing and results of our ongoing preclinical studies; the anticipated benefits of our gene therapy

platform including the potential impact on our commercialization activities, timing and likelihood of success; the expected benefits and results of our manufacturing technology, including the implementation of our plato® platform in our clinical trials and gene therapy programs; the expected safety profile of our investigational gene therapies; and our financial position and cash runway expectations. Any such statements in this presentation that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statements in this presentation are based on our current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry as well as management's current beliefs and expectations of future events only as of today and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially and adversely from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risk that any one or more of our product candidates will not be successfully developed or commercialized; the risk that regulatory agencies may disagree with our anticipated development approach for any one or more of our product candidates; the risk of cessation or delay of any ongoing or planned clinical trials of AVROBIO or our collaborators; the risk that we may not successfully recruit or enroll a sufficient number of patients for our clinical trials; the risk that we may not realize the intended benefits of our gene therapy platform, including the features of our plato® platform; the risk that our product candidates or procedures in connection with the administration thereof, including our use of busulfan as a conditioning agent or potential use of monoclonal antibody conditioning agent or potential use of monoclonal antibody conditioning agent; the risk that prior results, such as signals of safety, activity or durability of effect, observed from preclinical or clinical trials, will not be replicated or will not continue in ongoing or future studies or trials involving our product candidates; the risk that we will be unable to obtain and maintain

regulatory approval for our product candidates; the risk that the size and growth potential of the market for our product candidates will not materialize as expected; risks associated with our dependence on third-party suppliers and manufacturers; risks regarding the accuracy of our estimates of expenses and future revenue; risks relating to our capital requirements and needs for additional financing; risks relating to clinical trial and business interruptions resulting from the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic or similar public health crises, including that such interruptions may materially delay our development timeline and/or increase our development costs or that data collection efforts may be impaired or otherwise impacted by such crises; and risks relating to our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for our product candidates. For a discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties, and other important factors, any of which could cause AVROBIO's actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see the section entitled "Risk Factors" in AVROBIO's most recent Quarterly Report, as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties and other important factors in AVROBIO's subsequent flings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. AVROBIO explicitly disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements except to the extent required by law.

Note regarding trademarks: plato® is a registered trademark of AVROBIO. Other trademarks referenced in this presentation are the property of their respective owners.

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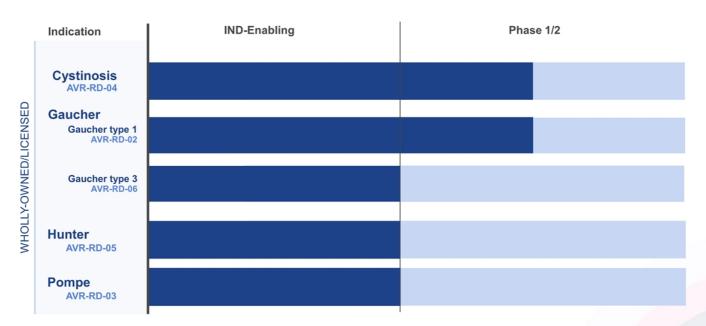


Investment highlights Leading hematopoietic stem cell (HSC) gene therapy company Targeting lysosomal disorders representing a multi-billion revenue opportunity Strong efficacy and safety profile to date across two clinical-stage programs Regulatory discussions planned for 2H 2022 to frame approval pathways for multiple indications Strong balance sheet with cash runway into Q1 2024

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Leading lysosomal disorder gene therapy pipeline





Planned regulatory milestones subject to regulatory agency clearance; *Collaborator-sponsored Phase 1/2 clinical trial of AVR-RD-04 is funded in part by grants to UCSD from the California Institute for Regenerative Medicine (CIRM), Cystinosis Research Foundation (CRF) and National Institutes of Health (NIH).



Multi-billion dollar market opportunity



Cost of standard of care in target indications is extremely high

Disease	Approx. 2020 Global Net Sales [†]	Five-Year SOC Cost per U.S. Patient*	Selected Companies w/ Marketed Therapies
Cystinosis	\$0.2B	\$4.3M [‡]	# HORIZON
Gaucher	\$1.5B	\$2.3M	SANOFI GENZYME Shire
Hunter	\$0.6B	\$2.4M	(Shire
Pompe	\$1.1B	\$3.2M	SANOFI GENZYME 🎝

Total: \$3.4B

Sources: Rombach S et al., Orphanet J Rare Dis, 2013; van Dussen L et al., Orphanet J Rare Dis, 2014; *WAC pricing from Redbook using standard dosing assumptions † 2020 Net Sales from company annual and other reports; ‡ Horizon's Procysbi oral therapy (delayed release cysteamine bitartrate), mid point between avg. adult and pediatric Note: Shire acquired by Takeda in 2019; SOC: Standard of Care



Significant advantages over standard of care Lifelong treatments vs. potential single-dose therapy



DISEASE PROGRESSION CONTINUES COULD HALT, PREVENT OR REVERSE DISEASE Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT) AVROBIO Gene Therapy Temporary bolus of enzyme, not curative Designed for 24/7 expression of protein, curative potential Plasma Pharmacokinetics of ERT Functional Protein Expression in Transduced HSCs and Their Progeny 24/7 expression Life-long infusions Bi-Weekly ERT One-Time Gene Therapy Enzyme or protein level Transient, intermittent elevation Long-term, continuous elevation Treatment burden Bi-weekly IV infusions Single IV infusion



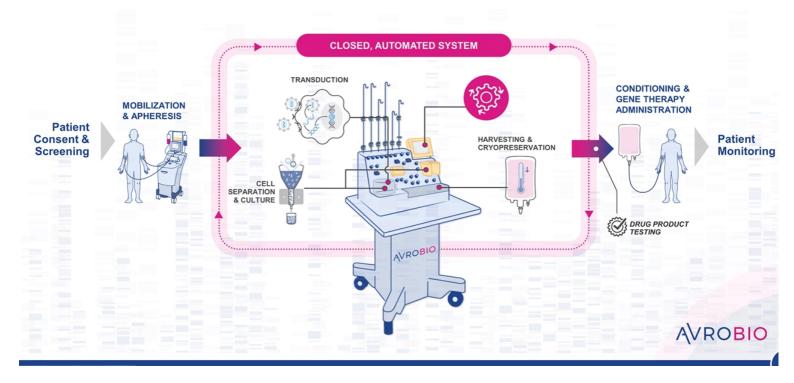
Yes

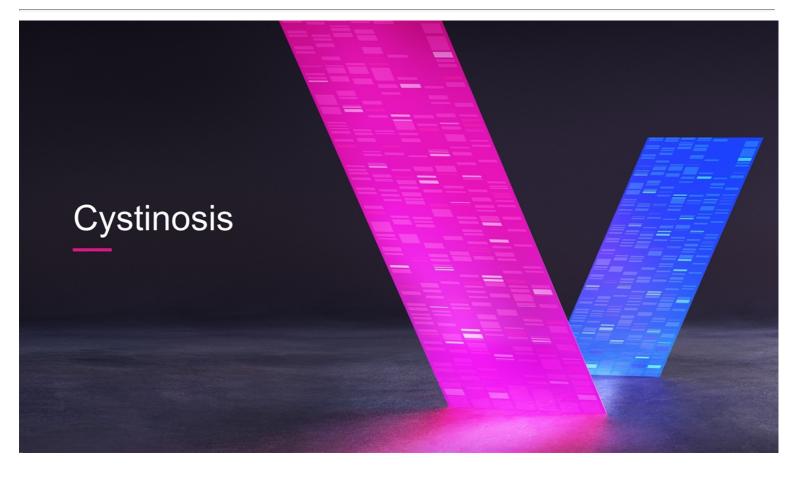
ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; IV: Intravenous; HSC: Hematopoietic Stem Cells

Ability to impact CNS

Unrivaled commercial-scale platform in plato®







Cystinosis opportunity



Standard of care (SOC): Cysteamine pills & eye drops

- · Not curative, relentless progression of disease continues; significantly shortened lifespan; kidney transplant often required
- · Substantial side effects (e.g., halitosis and GI disturbances), resulting in low compliance and poor quality of life
- Burdensome and expensive high pill burden and frequent eye drops throughout the day; 5-year treatment cost in the U.S. with SOC ~\$4.3 million*

Unmet needs with SOC:



Everyday burden of illness, reduced life expectancy

High pill burden causes GI discomfort; sulfur body odor and breath



Endocrine disorders

Softening & deformation of bones, hypothyroidism, diabetes, infertility



Vision

Corneal cystine accumulation, photophobia, involuntary eyelid closure









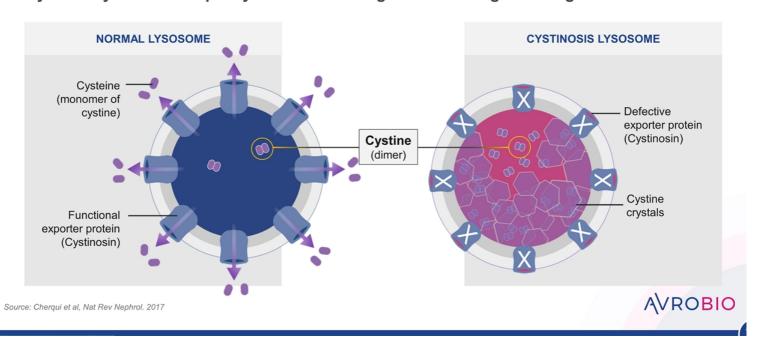
CNS complications Myopathy, hypotonia, tremors, swallowing, neurodevelopmental issues

WAC pricing from Redbook using standard dosing assumptions. Horizon's Procysbi oral therapy (delayed release cysteamine bitartrate), midpoint between avg. adult and pediatric

Cystinosis caused by defective gene that encodes cystinosin, an exporter protein



Cystine crystals build up in lysosomes causing tissue and organ damage



AVR-RD-04 collaborator-sponsored trial



PHASE 1/2 AVR-RD-04

FULLY ENROLLED:



OBJECTIVES

- Safety and tolerability
- Hypothesis generation of endpoints

PATIENTS

- 6 patients (5 patients dosed to date)
- · Adults and adolescents
- · Cohorts 1-2 >18 years; Cohort 3 >14 years
- Male and female
- Oral and ophthalmic cysteamine

AVR-RD-04 trial sponsored by University of California, San Diego; does not use plato[®] platform; AVR-RD-04 aka CTNS-RD-04

All clinical trial funded in part by grants to UCSD from the California Institutes of Health (NIH)

All clinical data in this presentation have been provided by the sponsor and are preliminary and subject to change. For open-label studies in which interim reports are provided, thet data are regult eviewed and validated. As a result, certain data may change over time, including reductions or increases in the number of reported safety events, until the database is locked at end of study.



Expanding Phase 1/2 data set shows systemic gene therapy impact



AVR-RD-04 is first and only investigational gene therapy for cystinosis

All five patients dosed remain off oral cysteamine

(

Improvements in neurocognitive assessments



Stable muscle/grip strength



Reduction in cystine crystals in skin and gastrointestinal mucosa



Improved or stable eye measures



Reduction in leukocyte cystine to target levels



Quantified increase in hair strand pigmentation

Safety and tolerability profile remains strong*

Proof-of-concept demonstrated in adult population

Plan to meet with regulators in 2H 2022 to discuss companysponsored trial

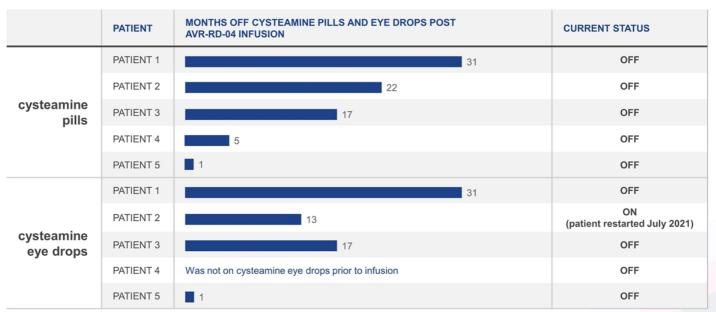
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* Data as of May 6, 2022



All patients continue to be oral cysteamine-independent

Patient #1 out 2 ½ years



Note: Patients 2, 3 and 5 stopped cysteamine eye drops 1-month post-transplant (per protocol); Patient 1 stopped cysteamine eye drops prior to baseline; Patient 4 was not on cysteamine drops prior to infusion. Data as of May 6, 2022



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Improvement in motor coordination and visual perception observed post gene therapy



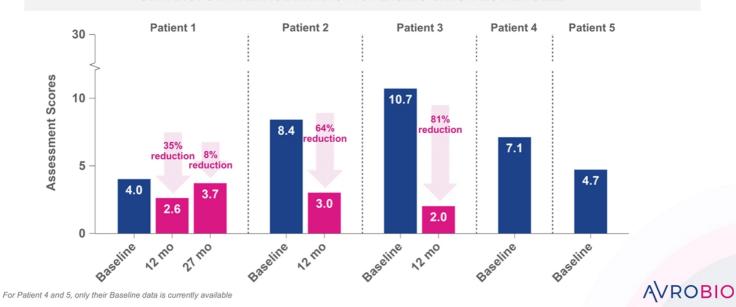
Data for Patient 2 are not available; The Beery – Buktenica Developmental Test of Visual Motor Integration (Beery VMI) is a standardized test evaluating the ability of the brain to interpret and translate visual information into an exact motor response





Reduction in number of skin cystine crystals below patients' own SOC baseline at 12+ months

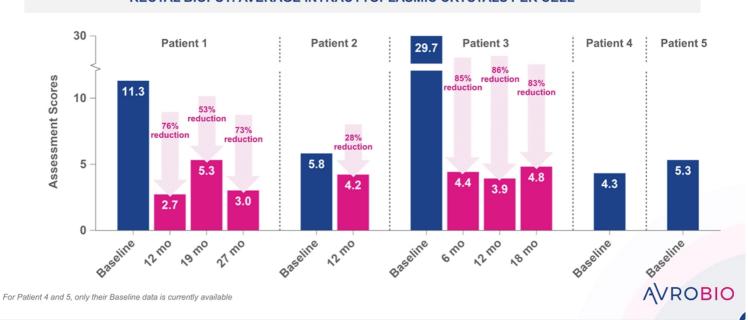






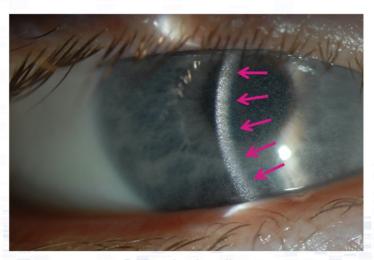
Reduction in number of cystine crystals in gastrointestinal mucosa below patients' own SOC baseline at 12+ months

RECTAL BIOPSY: AVERAGE INTRACYTOPLASMIC CRYSTALS PER CELL



Crystal buildup in eye clearly visible before gene therapy Treatment goal is to prevent or halt further accumulation of corneal crystals;

complete clearance not expected



Patient 1 at baseline



Decline in corneal crystals and improved photophobia grade





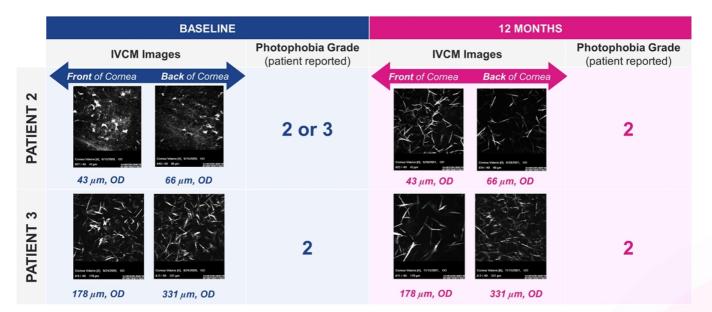
Right eye		Left eye			
Eye layers	Baseline	12 months	Baseline	12 months	Preliminary
Anterior Stroma	4	3	4	1.9	scoring performed by
Middle Stroma	4	3	4	1.7	Dr. Hong Liang
Posterior Stroma	4	2.1	4	2	CNRS, Paris, France

IVCM: In Vivo Confocal Microscopy; exploratory method; These results are for a single patient only and may vary in the study population; OD: Oculus Dexter (right eye); HRT3: Heidelberg Retina Tomograph 3; Scoring instructions: for each layer, assign a score of 0-4, where 0=no crystal; 1 <25%; 2=25-50%; 3=50-75%; 4>75%; Liang et al., IOVS 2015; *Score range: 1-5 where 1 is no photophobia and 5 is severe; Images obtained for Patient 1 at baseline using Nidek Confoscan and used Heidelberg HRT3 w/Rostock Corneal Module for all other images





Stable corneal crystals and photophobia grade



IVCM: In Vivo Confocal Microscopy; exploratory method; These results are for a single patient only and may vary in the study population; OD: Oculus Dexter (right eye); HRT3: Heidelberg Retina Tomograph 3; Scoring instructions: for each layer, assign a score of 0-4, where 0=no crystal; 1 <25%; 2=25-50%; 3=50-75%; 4>75%; Liang et al., IOVS 2015; * Score range: 1-5 where 1 is no photophobia and 5 is severe;





Darker pigmentation may be a sign of multifunctional cystinosin activity post gene therapy Further enforces systemic reach of gene therapy

Cystinosin is located in melanosomes and regulates melanin synthesis



Patient 1 Hair color - RGB intensity 25% reduction 12 Months post GT 24 Months post GT Hair strand

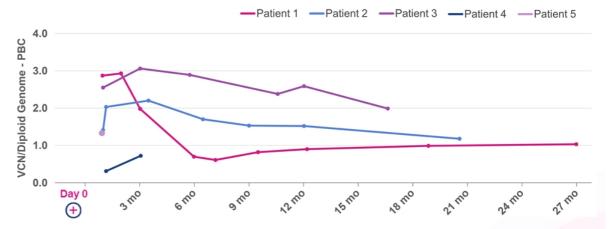
Note: GT: gene therapy; Source: Chiaverini et al., FESEB, 2012





Sustained engraftment to date demonstrated by VCN plateau for patients beyond 12 months





* From second apheresis; VCN: Vector Copy Number; PBCs: Peripheral Blood Cells; dg: Diploid Genome





Phase 1/2 Cystinosis trial (5 patients)

No unexpected safety events or trends related to AVR-RD-04 identified

No SAEs or AEs related to AVR-RD-04 drug product No SAEs reported

Preliminary AEs reported

- N=40 for subject 1; N=22 for subject 2; N=8 for subject 3; N=25 for subject 4; N=13 for subject 5
- · Majority of AEs are mild or moderate
 - 1 severe -- Appendicitis unrelated to study treatment or procedures
- AEs generally consistent with myeloablative conditioning or underlying disease:

Pre-treatment and prior to conditioning (not all events listed)

- Diarrhea, hypokalemia, dizziness
- Dehydration, vomiting

Post-treatment (not all events listed)

- Alopecia, intermittent diarrhea, vomiting, loss of appetite
- Mucositis, intermittent febrile neutropenia, intermittent epistaxis
- Intermittent blurry vision, intermittent hypokalemia, mucoceles
- Thrombocytopenia

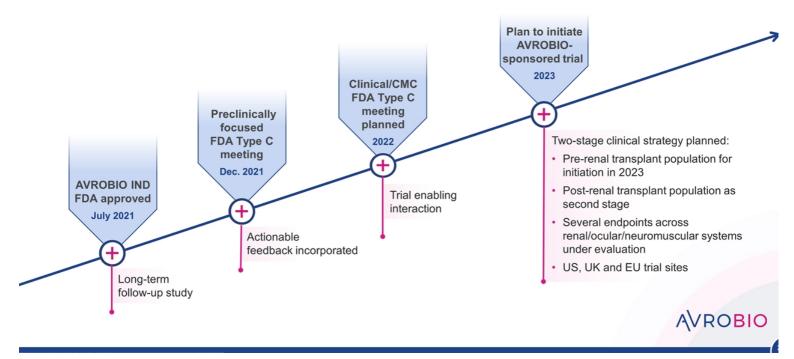
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AE: Adverse Event; SAE: Serious Adverse Event; safety data cut-off date is May 6, 2022

Building regulatory momentum



Active IND with US/EU Orphan Designation and US Fast Track Designation





Gaucher disease type 1 opportunity



Caused by mutation in the gene encoding for glucocerebrosidase (GCase) enzyme

Standard of care (SOC): ERT

- Not curative, relentless progression of disease continues, including bone crisis and fatigue
- Burdensome and expensive bi-weekly infusions required; 5-year treatment cost with ERT = ~\$2.3 million*

Everyday burden of illness, and life expectancy

Fatigue, pain, lung disease, biweekly infusions, shortened lifespan



CNS complications Increased risk of GBA-Parkinson's disease



Hemoglobin levels and platelet counts Anemia, thrombocytopenia, easy bruising, bleeding



Hepatosplenomegaly Enlarged liver, enlarged spleen





* WAC pricing from Redbook using standard dosing assumptions

Skeletal abnormalities,

avascular necrosis,

Unmet needs

Bone-related manifestations

osteoporosis

with SOC:

Even on ERT, patients endure debilitating symptoms



Prospective registry of 757 GD1 patients on ERT after 10 years

Incomplete therapeutic response is common:

- 60% failed to achieve at least one of six therapeutic goals after 4+ yrs of ERT1
- Many continue to exhibit bone pain, organomegaly and cytopenia after 10 yrs of ERT2
- 25% have physical limitations after 2 yrs of ERT, primarily due to bone disease³

Persistence after 10 years ERT†	Non-splenectomized Patients	Splenectomized Patients
Bone Pain	43%	63%
Splenomegaly*	38%	N/A
Thrombocytopenia*	23%	1%
Hepatomegaly*	14%	19%
Anemia	12%	9%
Bone Crisis	7%	17%



^{*} Higher persistence rates observed when more severe manifestations were present at baseline
† Persistence refers to the presence of anemia, bone pain, bone crisis, or at least moderate thrombocytopenia, splenomegaly, or hepatomegaly, present after 10 years of ERT
among those with baseline involvement of these parameters (from a registry of 757 GD1 patients; Weinreb et al., 2013)
Following 10 years of treatment, ~26% of patients were receiving between 45-150 U/kg EOW, and 96% of these individuals were receiving doses between 45-90 U/kg EOW.
Data rounded to complete integer.
GD1: Gaucher Disease Type 1; ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; EOW: Every Other Week
¹Weinreb N et al., Amer J Hematol, 2008; ²Weinreb N et al., J Inherit Metab Dis, 2013; ³Giraldo P et al., Qual Life Res, 2005

Guard1: Phase 1/2 study in Gaucher disease type 1





PHASE 1/2

AVR-RD-02

An open-label, multinational phase 1/2 study of the safety and efficacy of ex vivo, lentiviral vectormediated gene therapy AVR-RD-02 for patients with Gaucher disease type 1 ACTIVELY RECRUITING:





OBJECTIVES	PATIENTS	
SafetyEfficacyEngraftment	 Enrollment goal 8-16 patients 3 patients dosed to date 18-45-year-old males and females 	Gaucher disease type 1 patients who are: ERT-stable for >24 months or Treatment-naïve or
	 Have a confirmed diagnosis of GD1 based on: Deficient glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity Clinical features consistent with GD1 	 Have not received ERT or SRT in the last 12 months

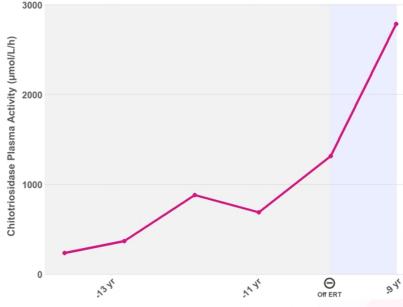


GD1: Gaucher Disease Type 1; ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; SRT: Substrate Reduction Therapy

First patient's plasma chitotriosidase levels spike off ERT Personal history documents response to intermittent and halted ERT use



Chitotriosidase is a marker of inappropriately activated macrophages (Gaucher cells)



Years Prior to Gene Therapy Infusion



Chitotriosidase Plasma Activity Normal Range: 0.0–44.2 μ moL/L/h ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy

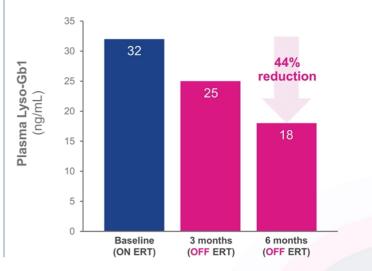


Key biomarkers below ERT baseline at 6 months

Chitotriosidase is a marker of inappropriately activated macrophages (Gaucher cells)



Lyso-Gb1 is a sensitive and specific marker of toxic metabolite accumulation in Gaucher disease

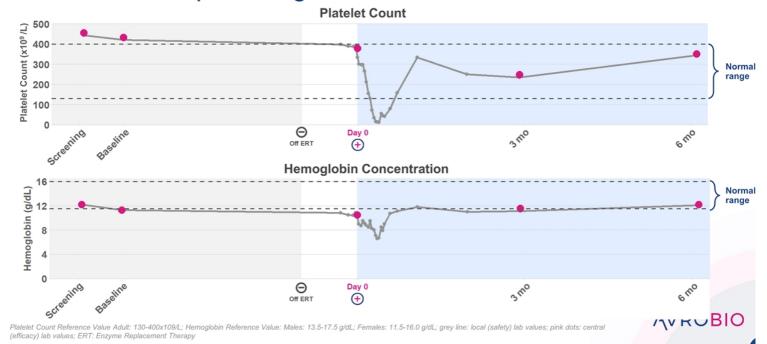


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Baseline taken one month prior to gene therapy which is when ERT is discontinued Lyso-Gbf Plasma Normal Range: 0.5 – 1.2 ng/mL Plasma chitotriosidase activity normal range: 0.0 – 44.2 μmoL/L/h ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy

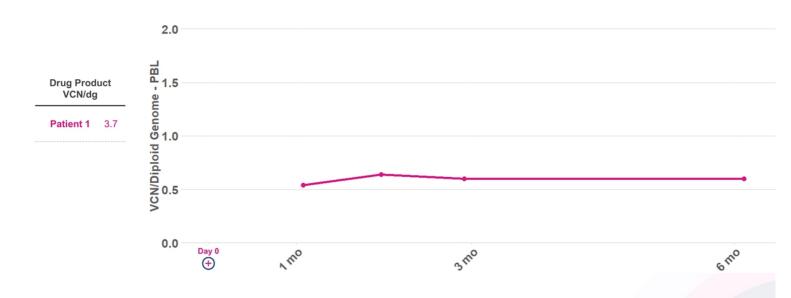
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Platelet counts and hemoglobin in normal range at 6 months, despite being off ERT



VCN trending as expected at 6 months





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VCN, vector copy number; PBL, peripheral blood leukocytes; dg, diploid genome

No unexpected safety events 12+ months post dosing



No SAEs or AEs related to drug product

AEs are consistent with myeloablative conditioning, drugs mandated by protocol or study procedures, underlying disease and pre-existing conditions

No SAEs reported

AEs reported, n= 37

Event severity assessment

- 26 AEs were Grade 1 or Grade 2
- 11 AEs were Grade 3 or 4
 - · Anemia, leukopenia, neutropenia, thrombocytopenia, eye pain, decreased appetite, dehydration, headache, hypophosphatemia, amenorrhea*

Event causality assessment

- 21 AEs definitely, probably or possibly related to busulfan (N= 1 patient dosed)
- 8 AEs definitely, probably or possibly related to G-CSF** (N= 2 patients enrolled)
- 1 AE definitely, probably or possibly related to Plerixafor (N= 2 patients enrolled)

AVR-RD-02 has not been approved by the FDA or by any other regulatory body and its safety and efficacy has not been established Note: Safety database cut as of August 31, 2021
AE, adverse event; SAE, serious adverse event; G-CSF, granulocyte colony stimulating factor
**Unresolved and ongoing as of the safety database cut of August 31, 2021
**Two of the AEs, dehydration and decreased appetite, are noted as related to both G-CSF and busulfan administrations



Gaucher disease type 3 opportunity



Subacute neurological form of Gaucher disease characterized by progressive encephalopathy and associated with the systemic manifestations of Gaucher type 1

Standard of care (SOC): ERT

- Not curative, relentless progression of disease continues; utility of ERT minimized by its inability to impact the CNS
- Burdensome and expensive bi-weekly infusions required; 5-year treatment cost with ERT = ~\$2.3 million*

Unmet needs with SOC:



CNS complicationsSeizures, cognitive problems, poor coordination



Hemoglobin levels and platelet counts Anemia, thrombocytopenia, easy bruising, bleeding





Everyday burden of illness and life expectancy Fatigue, pain, shortened lifespan

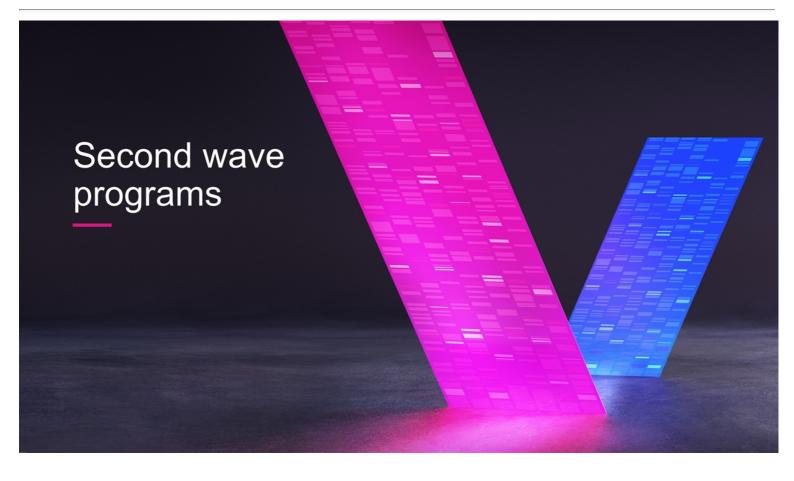


Hepatosplenomegaly Enlarged liver, enlarged spleen





* WAC pricing from Redbook using standard dosing assumptions

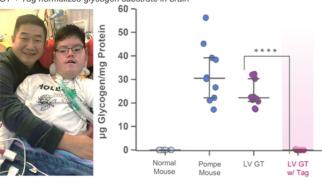




Advancing Pompe and Hunter programs to the clinic Regulatory meetings planned for 2H 2022



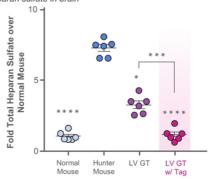
GT + Tag normalizes glycogen substrate in brain



Hunter syndrome

GT + Tag normalizes heparan sulfate in brain





Unmet needs with SOC:



Pulmonary function



Physical endurance and strength



CNS complications







Neurological complications



Skeletal and connective tissue



Respiratory and cardiac system



Burden of illness and life expectancy

Figure adapted from Gleitz H et al., EMBO Mol Med, 2018 Fig 3A; *P<0.05, ***P<0.001; ****P<0.0001; LV GT: Lentiviral Gene Therapy



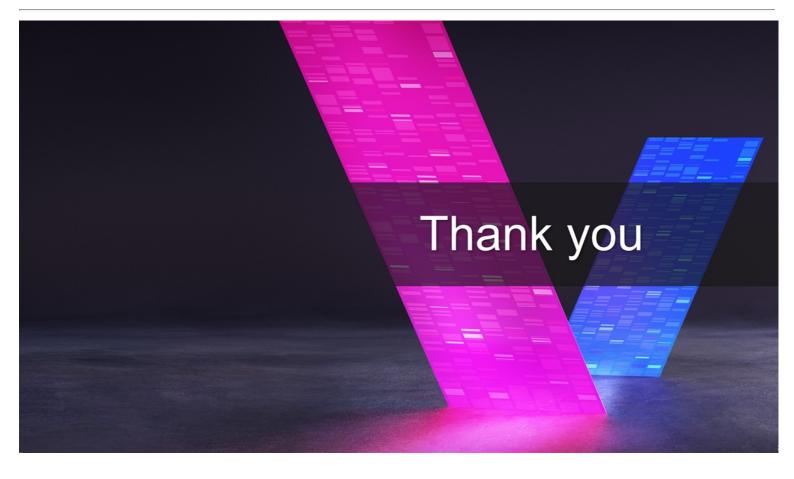
Leading lysosomal disorder gene therapy pipeline Anticipated data and regulatory milestones

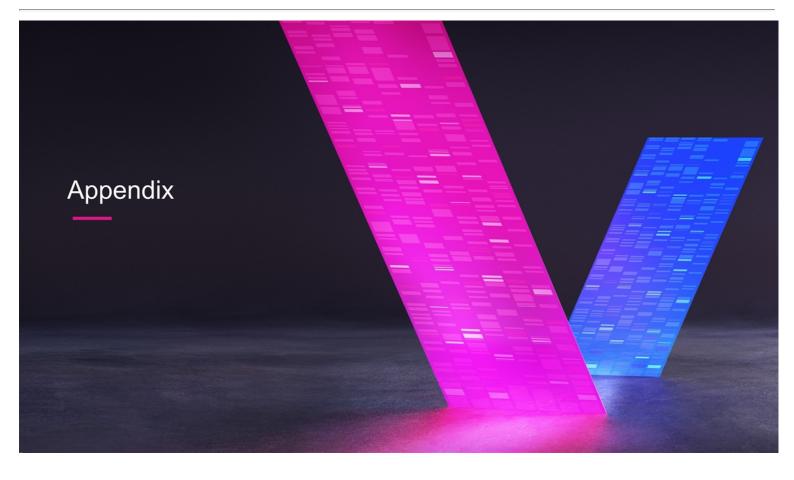




Planned regulatory milestones subject to regulatory agency clearance; * Collaborator-sponsored Phase 1/2 clinical trial of AVR-RD-04 is funded in part by grants to UCSD from the California Institute for Regenerative Medicine (CIRM), Cystinosis Research Foundation (CRF) and National Institutes of Health (NIH).







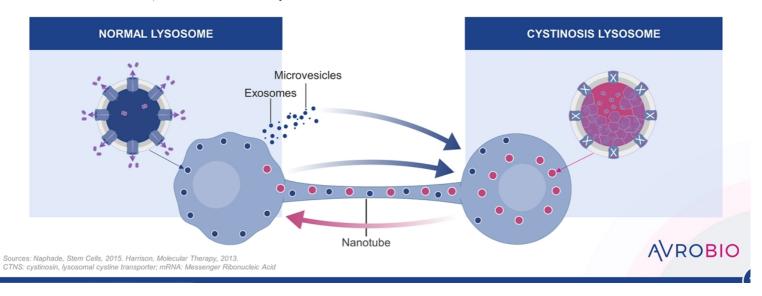
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Genetically modified macrophages restore normal cystine recycling in mouse model

Mechanisms of action

Macrophages with CTNS transgene restore cystine recycling to CTNS^{-ve} cells via:

- 1. Exosomes / Microvesicles transfer of cystinosin, CTNS mRNA
- 2. Tunneling nanotubes transfer of corrected lysosomes, cystinosin, CTNS mRNA Net result: Corrected lysosomes in cells



Cystinosis is an attractive commercial market



SOC is burdensome

- Shortcomings of cysteamine pills often lead to poor patient compliance:
 - Cause sulfur odor on body and breath
 - High daily pill burden can lead to GI discomfort and vomiting

SOC does not stop disease progression

Disease symptoms persist despite SOC:



Kidney function

Frequently require multiple kidney transplants



Vision

Corneal cystine accumulation, photophobia



CNS and muscular complications

Myopathy, hypotonia, neurodevelopmental issues



Endocrine disorders

Softening & deformation of bones, hypothyroidism, diabetes, infertility

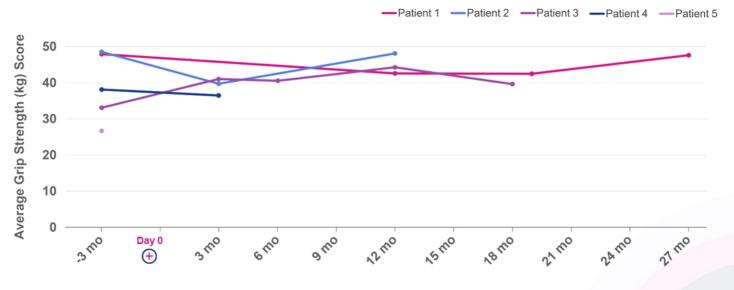
Billion-dollar revenue opportunity

- 5-year cystinosis SOC treatment cost
 \$4.3 million in U.S.
- ~1,600 patients in U.S., Europe and Japan alone
- Most severe form, infantile nephropathic cystinosis, affects ~95% of cystinosis population

^{*} SOC: standard of care; WAC pricing from Redbook using standard dosing assumptions. Horizon's Procysbi oral therapy (delayed release cysteamine bitartrate), midpoint between avg. adult and pediatric



Average grip strength stable up to 27 months Disease progression typically leads to loss of muscle strength over time



Average Grip Strength (kg) is defined as the average of the largest reading from each hand





Patient baseline characteristics

	PATIENT 1	PATIENT 2	PATIENT 3	PATIENT 4	PATIENT 5
Age of symptom onset/diagnosis	0 year / 8 months	0 year / 6 months	4 years	6 years	8 months
Age dosed with CTNS-RD-04	20 years Infused October 2019	46 years Infused June 2020	22 years Infused November 2020	33 years Infused November 2021	31 years Infused March 2022
Gender	Male	Male	Male	Male	Female
Mutation	57-kb deletionc.696dupC,p.Val233Argfs*63	57-kb deletionc.473T>C, p.Leu158Pro	c.18_21del, p.Thr7Phefs*7c.295_298del, p.Val99llefs*18	• 57-kb deletion • c.473T>C, p.Leu158Pro	57-kb deletionc.414G>A, p.Trp138*
Kidney transplant status and cysteamine dosing prior to CTNS-RD-04 dosing	 No kidney transplant; stage 3 (moderate CKD) renal failure On oral Cysteamine On Cysteamine drops 	2 renal transplants (1987 and 1999)On oral CysteamineOn Cysteamine drops	 1 renal transplant (2010) On oral Cysteamine On Cysteamine drops 	2 renal transplants (2008 and 2017)On oral CysteamineOff Cysteamine drops	 No renal transplant; stage 3 (moderate CKD) renal failure On oral Cysteamine On Cysteamine drops
Manufactured CTNS-RD-04 product and busulfan dose	 7.88 x 10e6 CD34+ cells/kg VCN: 2.07 94% viability AUC Bu: 81.8 mg.h/L 	 5.07 x 10e6 CD34+ cells/kg VCN: 1.27 91% viability AUC Bu: 86.7 mg.h/L 	 9.59 x 10e6 CD34+ cells/kg VCN: 1.59 95% viability AUC Bu: 90 mg.h/L 	 3.63 x 10e6 CD34+ cells/kg VCN: 0.59 90% viability AUC Bu: 88.5 mg.h/L 	 9.12 x 10e6 CD34+ cells/kg VCN: 2.5 95% viability AUC Bu: 88.2 mg.h/L



Early cystinosis treatment is essential to prevent kidney complications



	Nephropathic cystinosis		
Disease phenotype	Infantile	Juvenile ("late-onset")	
Frequency ¹	~95% of patients	<5% of patients	
Characteristics of phenotype ¹	 Clinical symptoms related to renal Fanconi syndrome during first year of life Fanconi syndrome: Defect of kidney tubules resulting in malabsorption of electrolytes / substances in kidneys² Frequently require multiple renal transplants with lifetime of immunosuppression Most severe form of cystinosis 	 Usually diagnosed later in childhood or during adolescence (after age 10) Typically experience renal Fanconi syndrome and proteinuria Frequently require multiple renal transplants with lifetime of immunosuppression 	

Source: Simon-Kucher & Partners 2020. 1. Emma et al. (2014). Nephropathic Cystinosis: an international consensus document. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 29(4), iv87-iv94; 2. Keefe et al. (2020). Fanconi Syndrome. StatPearls.



eGFR data reinforce need for early intervention
Entered trial with progressive kidney disease (eGFR of 48), decline accelerates in line with natural history



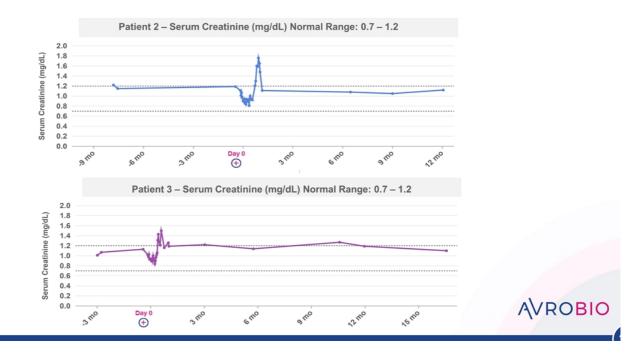
eGFR: Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate; eGFR calculated using CKD-EPI formula



CYSTINOSIS PHASE 1/2: PATIENT 2-3

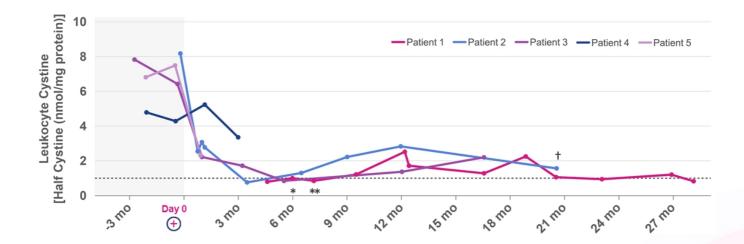
Transplanted kidney not impacted by treatment, as expected +





(+)

Leukocyte cystine levels in blood suppressed out to 28 months



Note: Data from Patient 1 up to 12 months have been previously disclosed. Therapeutic range is <1.0 Half Cystine (nmol/mg protein). Measure of 1 is level of healthy heterozygote.; For Patient 1, Leukocyte Cystine Quantification was initiated at approximately week 20; *Patient 1: Hemolyzed sample which may potentially lead to lower results; **Patient 1: Sample processed outside of the range of the stability; †Patient 2: Sample was not collected and shipped according to study protocol



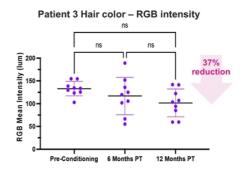


Darker pigmentation may be a sign of multifunctional cystinosin activity post gene therapy

Further enforces systemic reach of gene therapy

Cystinosin is located in melanosomes and regulates melanin synthesis

PATIENT 3*





Source:* Do not have permission to show patient image; Chiaverini et al., FESEB, 2012

