AVROBIO

Company Presentation September 2020

Disclaimer

This presentation has been prepared by AVROBIO, Inc. ("AVROBIO") for informational purposes only and not for any other purpose. Certain information contained in this presentation and statements made orally during this presentation relate to or are based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and AVROBIO's own internal estimates and research. While AVROBIO believes these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, it has not independently verified, and AVROBIO makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of any information obtained from third-party sources. While AVROBIO believes its internal research is reliable, such research has not been verified by any independent source.

This presentation may contain forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be identified by words and phrases such as "aims," "anticipates," "believes," "could," "designed to," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "goal," "intends," "may," "plans," "possible," "potential," "seeks," "will," and variations of these words and phrases or similar expressions that are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements regarding our business strategy for and the potential therapeutic benefits of our prospective product candidates; the design, commencement, enrollment and timing of ongoing or planned clinical trials and regulatory pathways; the timing of patient recruitment and enrollment activities, clinical trial results, and product approvals; the timing of our ongoing preclinical studies; the anticipated benefits of our gene therapy platform including the potential impact on our commercialization activities, timing and likelihood of success; the expected benefits and results of our implementation of the plato® platform in our clinical trials and gene therapy programs; the expected safety profile of our investigational gene therapies;

the potential impact of the COVID-19 outbreak on our clinical trial programs and business generally, as well as our plans and expectations with respect to the timing and resumption of any development activities that may be temporarily paused as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak; the market opportunity for and anticipated commercial activities relating to our investigational gene therapies; and statements regarding our financial and cash position and expected cash runway. Any such statements in this presentation that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statements in this presentation are based on our current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry as well as management's current beliefs and expectations of future events only as of today and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially and adversely from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risk that any one or more of our product candidates will not be successfully developed or commercialized; the risk of cessation or delay of any ongoing or planned clinical trials of AVROBIO or our collaborators; the risk that we may not successfully recruit or enroll a sufficient number of patients for our clinical trials; the risk that we may not realize the intended benefits of our gene therapy platform, including the features of our plato platform; the risk that our product candidates or procedures in connection with the administration thereof will not have the safety or efficacy profile that we anticipate; the risk that prior results, such as signals of safety, activity or durability of effect, observed from preclinical or clinical trials. will not be replicated or will not continue in ongoing or future studies or trials involving our product candidates; the risk that we will be unable to obtain and maintain regulatory approval for our product candidates; the risk that the size and growth potential of the market for our product candidates will not

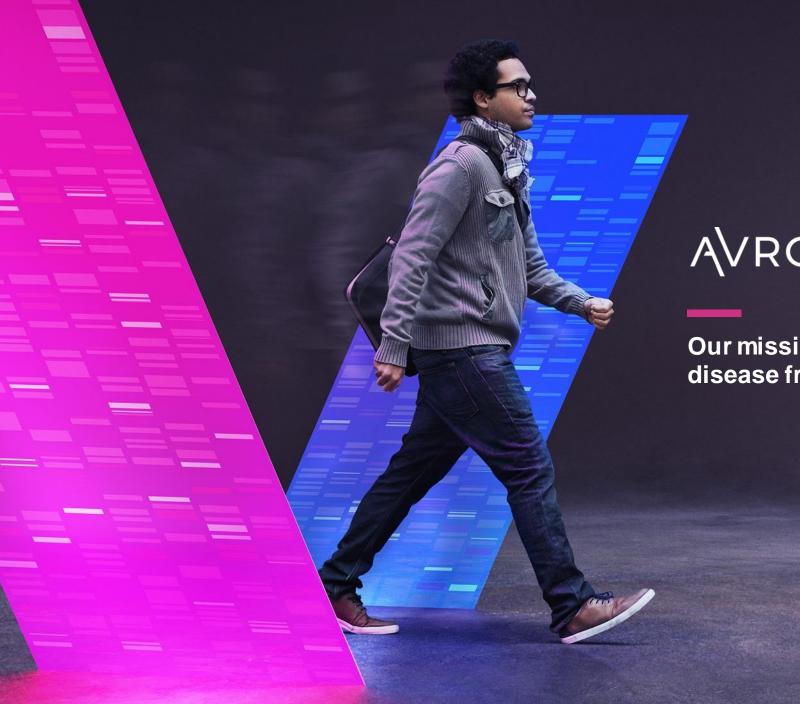
materialize as expected: risks associated with our dependence on third-party suppliers and manufacturers; risks regarding the accuracy of our estimates of expenses and future revenue; risks relating to our capital requirements and needs for additional financing; risks relating to clinical trial and business interruptions resulting from the COVID-19 outbreak or similar public health crises, including that such interruptions may materially delay our development timeline and/or increase our development costs or that data collection efforts may be impaired or otherwise impacted by such crises; and risks relating to our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for our product candidates. For a discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties, and other important factors, any of which could cause AVROBIO's actual results to differ from those contained in the forwardlooking statements, see the section entitled "Risk Factors" in AVROBIO's most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties and other important factors in AVROBIO's subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. AVROBIO explicitly disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements except to the extent required by law.

Note regarding trademarks: plato is a registered trademark of AVROBIO. Other trademarks referenced in this presentation are the property of their respective owners.

Note regarding future updates: The statements contained in this presentation reflect our current views with respect to future evets, which may change significantly as the global consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic rapidly develop. Accordingly, we do not undertake and specifically disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

AVROBIO (plate



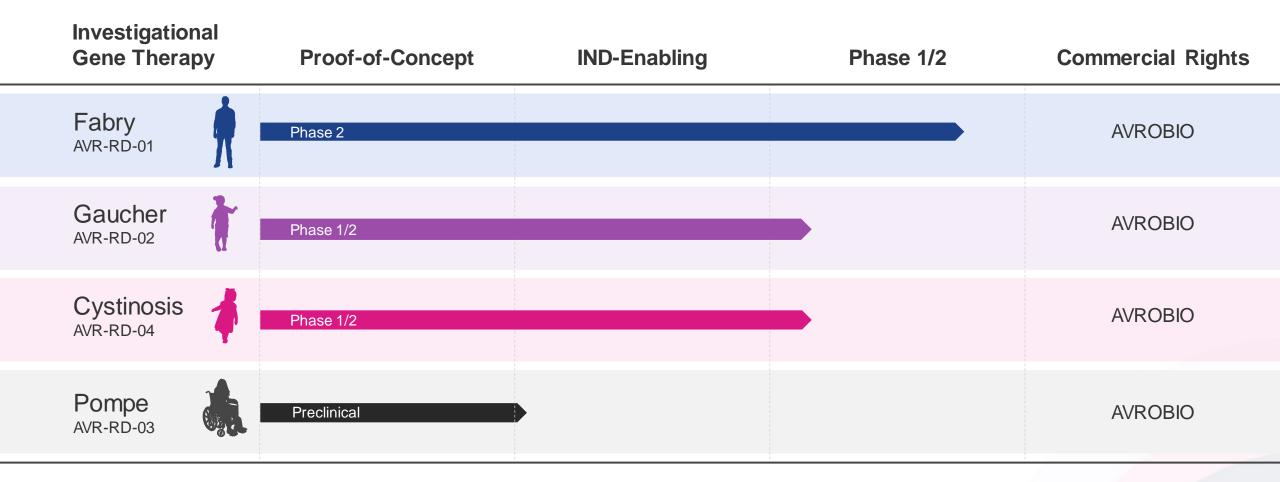


AVROBIO

Our mission: Giving people with genetic disease freedom for life

Multiple programs in the clinic

12 patients dosed to date across three indications





4

Addressing multi-billion dollar market opportunity



CURRENT STANDARD OF CARE COSTS

Disease	Est. Cost Per Patient Per Year	Approx. 2019 Net Sales	Selected Companies
Fabry	\$320k	\$1.4B	SANOFI GENZYME 5
Gaucher	\$250k-400k	\$1.4B	SANOFI GENZYME 5
Pompe	\$500k	\$1.0B	SANOFI GENZYME 🎝
Cystinosis	\$625k-700k*	\$0.2B	

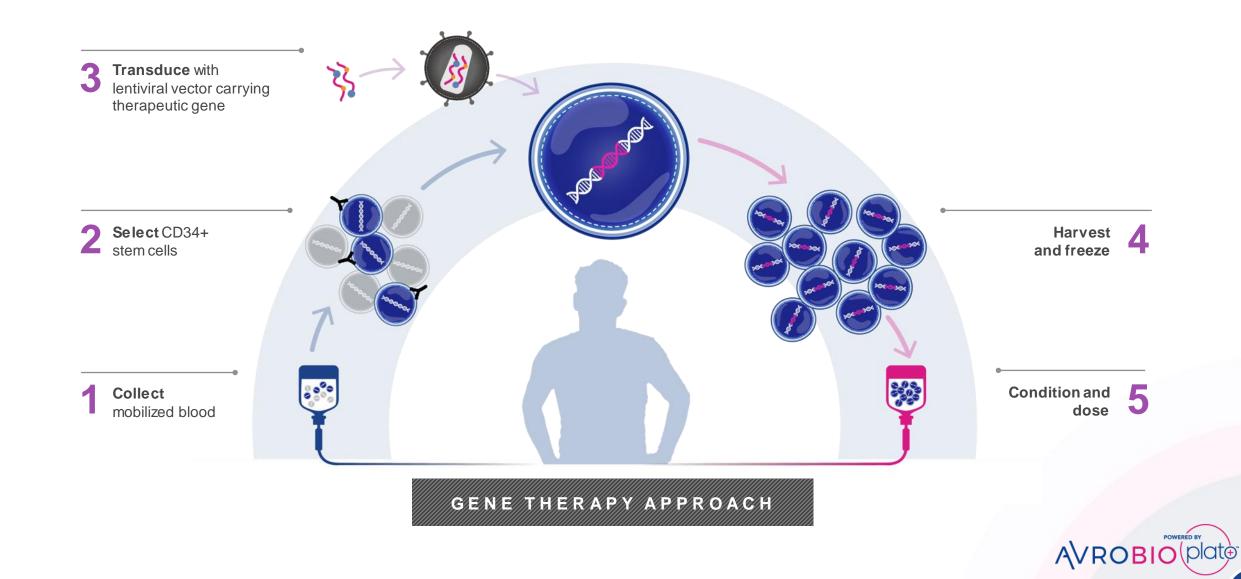
Sources: Rombach S et al, Orphanet J Rare Dis, 2013; van Dussen L et al, Orphanet J Rare Dis, 2014; WAC pricing from Redbook; 2019 Net Sales from company annual and other reports * for Horizon's Procysbi oral therapy (delayed release cysteamine bitartrate)

Note: Shire acquired by Takeda in 2019



Established ex vivo lentiviral approach







+ Fabry Disease



UNMET NEEDS:

Goals for gene therapy in Fabry disease



Kidney function Unmet needs: proteinuria, polyuria, kidney failure

Cardiac function Unmet needs: left ventricular hypertrophy, fibrosis, heart failure

Neuropathic pain

Unmet needs: pain and burning sensations in hands and feet, pain crises



CNS complications

Unmet needs: TIA/stroke, depression, impaired executive function, white matter hyperintensities

Everyday burden of illness and life expectancy

Unmet needs: fatigue, inability to sweat, joint pain, abdominal pain, diarrhea, vomiting, cloudy vision, hearing loss, tinnitus, rash, angiokeratomas, biweekly infusions, shortened lifespan



Two AVR-RD-01 Fabry clinical trials



9 patients dosed across Phases 1 and 2

PHASE 1 Investigator-Sponsored Trial*

Patients

n = 5 (fully enrolled) On ERT > 6 months prior to enrollment 18 - 50 year-old males

Key Objective

Safety and preliminary efficacy

PHASE 2 AVRO – FAB-201 Trial

Patients

n = 8-12 (4 patients dosed to-date) Treatment-naive 16 - 50 year-old males

Key Objectives

Safety and efficacy

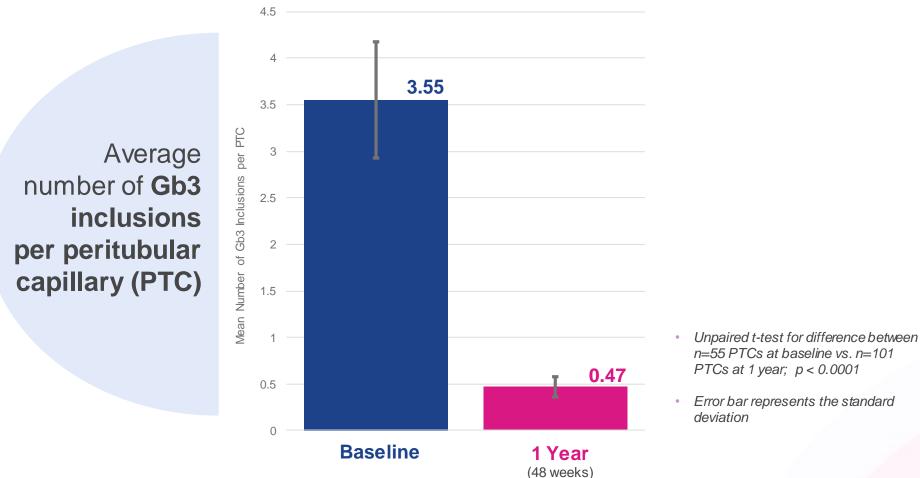


FAB-201 = AVRO-RD-01-201 Study * Sponsored by FACTs team (Fabry Disease Clinical Research and Therapeutics) in Canada ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy

		PATIENT 1	PATIENT 2	PATIENT 3	PATIENT 4
	Age of symptom onset / diagnosis	10 / 19 years	36 / 37 years	13 / 13 years	9/9years
	Age dosed with AVR-RD-01	21 years	46 years	40 years	26 years
Fabry	Mutation	c.1021G>A (p.E341K)	c.644A>G (p.N215S)	c.639+1G>T	c.833dupA
Fabry FAB-201 Patient Characteristics Treatment-naïve Sabry patients	Primary dise ase signs and symptoms	 Kidney disease Chronic pain GI symptoms Decreased cold sensation 	 Cardiac disease Peripheral neuropathy Chronic pain Increased tiredness GI symptoms Intermittent tinnitus Mild high frequency hearing loss Raynaud's syndrome 	 Kidney disease GI symptoms Peripheral neuropathy Bilateral deafness Tinnitus Peripheral edema Decreased cold sensation 	 Chronic pain Peripheral neuropathy Neuropathic shuffling gait Lethargy Temperature intolerance Tinnitus Hearing loss GI symptoms
	Leukocyte AGA enzyme activity at baseline (nmol/hr/mg protein)	0.10*	2.38**	0.58**	0.46**
	Plasma lyso-Gb3 at baseline (nM)	202***	8***	147***	92***
	Comment	IgA deposits in kidney biopsy	Cardiac variant, not a classic Fabry male		
ref range ≥23.1 nmol/hr/mg protein p, ref range 24-56 nmol/hr/mg protein e value ≤ 2.4 nM ctosidase A; Lyso-Gb3: Globotriaosylsphingosine; G					AVROBIC



Patient 1: 87% substrate reduction in kidney biopsy at 1 year



Baseline: The last available, non-missing observation prior to AVR-RD-01 infusion

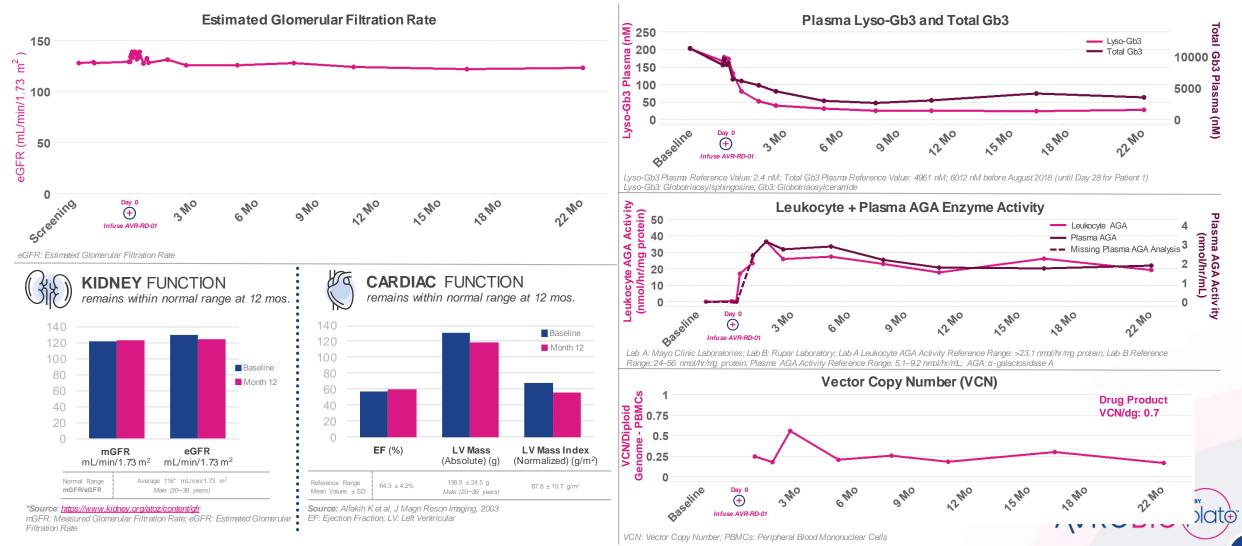
Note: With respect to Fabry disease, Gb3 inclusions per PTC is interchangeable with GL-3 inclusions per KIC

FAB-201-1: First patient in FAB-201 clinical trial

PTC: Peritubular Capillary; Gb3: Globotriaosylceramide; GL-3: Globotriaosylceramide; KlC: Kidney Interstitial Capillary

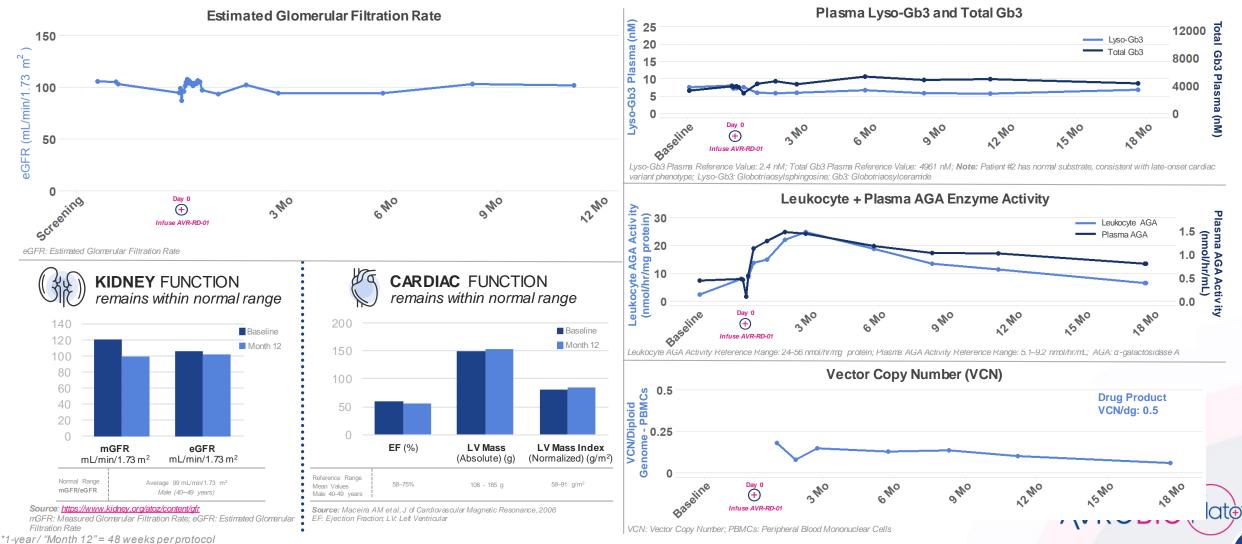
AVROBIO(p

Patient 1: Sustained response across multiple measures up to 22 months



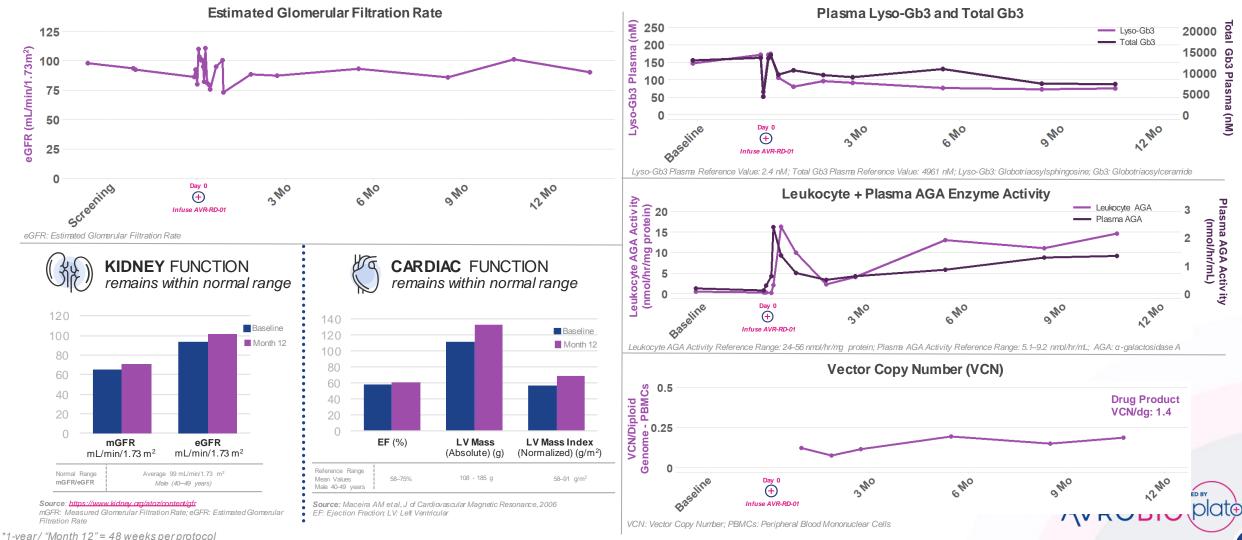
FAB-201 FABRY PHASE 2 – Cardiac Variant

Patient 2: Sustained response across multiple measures up to 18 months



14

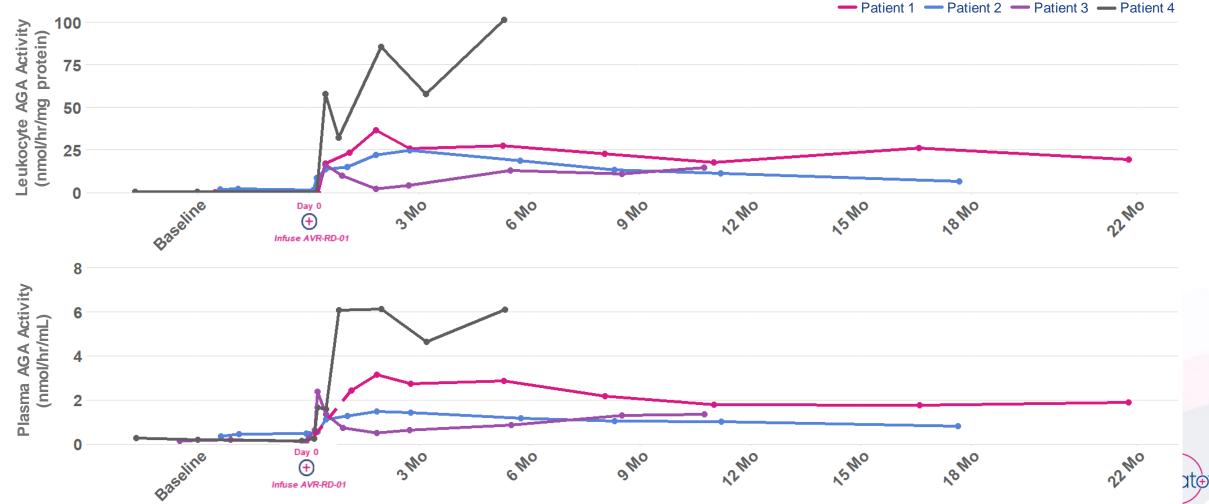
Patient 3: Sustained response across multiple measures up to 1 year*



(+)

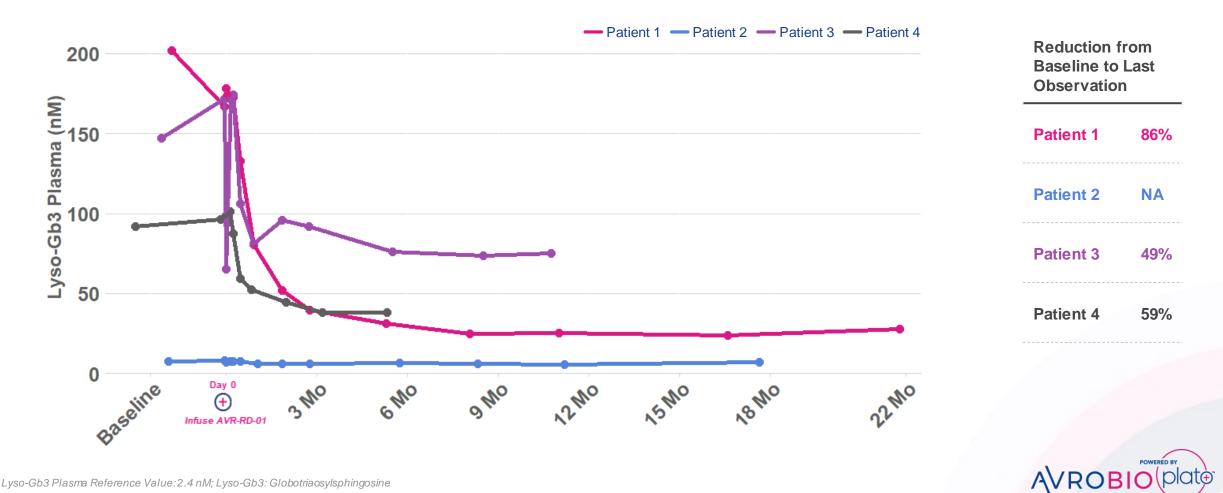
Patients 1-4: Leukocyte and plasma enzyme activity sustained up to 22 months

Patient #4 dosed using plato®





Patients 1-4: Plasma lyso-Gb3 reduction sustained up to 22 months



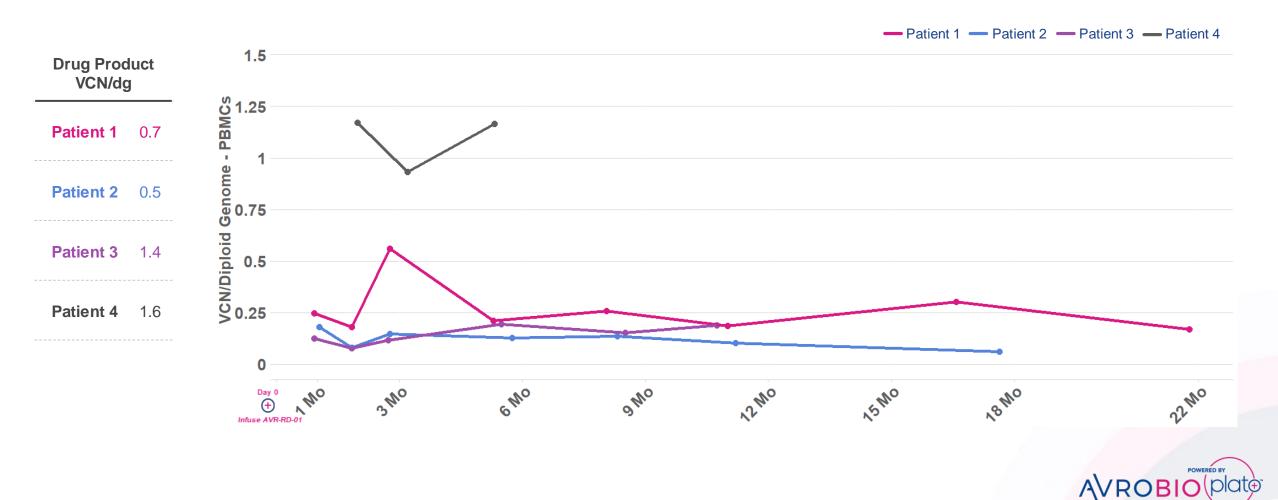
• Lyso-Gb3 Plasma Reference Value: 2.4 nM; Lyso-Gb3: Globotriaosylsphingosine

Note: Patient #2 has normal substrate, consistent with late-onset cardiac variant phenotype



Patients 1-4: VCN stable up to 22 months

Patient #4 dosed using plato®



Two AVR-RD-01 Fabry clinical trials

9 patients dosed across Phases 1 and 2





PHASE 1 Investigator-Sponsored Trial*

Patients

n = 5 (fully enrolled) On ERT > 6 months prior to enrollment 18 - 50 year-old males

Key Objectives

Safety and preliminary efficacy

PHASE 2 AVRO – FAB-201 Tria

Patients

n = 8-12 (4 patients dosed to-date) Treatment-naive 16 - 50 year-old males



Key Objectives

Safety and efficacy



FAB-201 = AVRO-RD-01-201 Study * Sponsored by FACTs team (Fabry Disease Clinical Research and Therapeutics) in Canada ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy

Fabry Phase 1 • Patient Characteristics

ERT-Treated Fabry Patients

	PATIENT 1	PATIENT 2	PATIENT 3	PATIENT 4	PATIENT 5
Age of symptom onset / diagnosis	18 / 37 years	9 / 29 years	10 / 0 years	7 / 4 years	10 / 14 years
Years on ERT	11 years	6 years	4 years	11 years	2 years
Age dosed with AVR-RD-01	48 years	39 years	40 years	37 years	30 years
Mutation	c.962A>G (p.Q321R)	c.1033T>C (p.S345P)	c.427G>C (p.A143P)	c.427G>C (p.A143P)	(p.Y134S)
Primary disease signs and symptoms	 Kidney disease Cardiac disease GI pain GI diarrhea Angiokeratoma Insomnia 	 Kidney disease Cardiomyopathy Hypohidrosis Corneal verticillata Peripheral neuropathy GI symptoms Angiokeratoma Lymphedema Acroparesthesia 	 Cardiac Disease Tinnitus Headaches Dizziness Acroparesthesia 	 Cardiac Disease Hypohidrosis Tinnitus Corneal verticillata Angiokeratoma GI symptoms 	 Kidney disease Hypertension Hypohidrosis Tinnitus Migraines Impaired hearing Angiokeratoma Sleep apnea Asthma Depression
Leukocyte AGA activity at baseline (nmol/hr/mg protein)	2.1*	1.1*	0.6*	2.2*	1.0*
Plasma lyso-Gb3 at baseline (nM)	25**	26**	59**	29**	16**
ERT discontinuation status	18 months after gene therapy dose		Did not resume ERT after gene therapy dose	6 months after gene therapy dose	

* Rupar Lab, ref range 24-56 nmol/hr/mg protein

** Reference value ≤ 2.4 nM protein

Note: AGA: α-galactosidase A; ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; GI: Gastrointestinal; Lyso-Gb3: Globotriaosylsphingosine

AVROBIO plate

FABRY PHASE 1

Patients 1-5: Plasma lyso-Gb3 reduction sustained up to 32 months

All patients who have discontinued ERT remain off ERT*

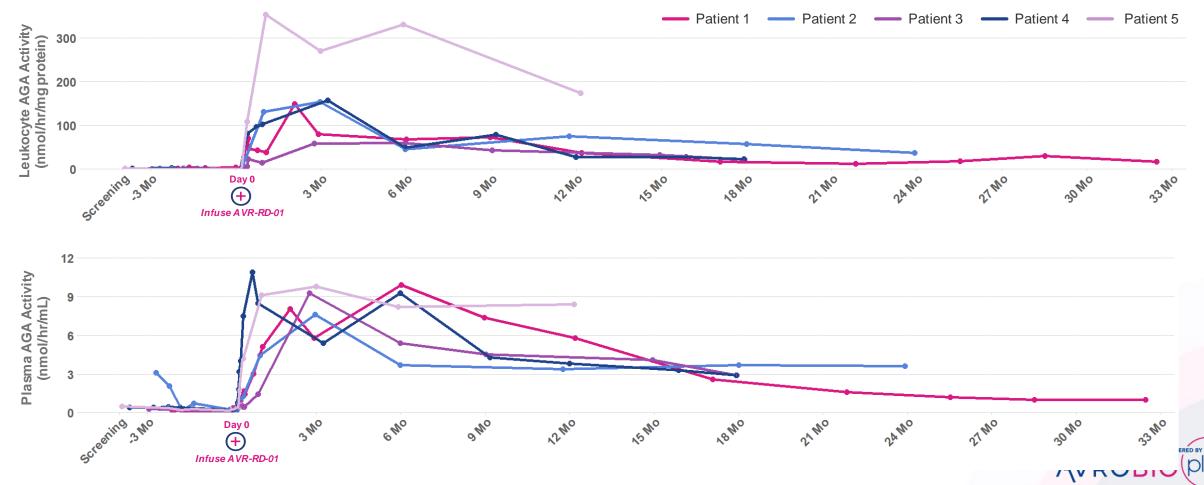


Lyso-Gb3 Plasma Reference Value: 2.4 nM; Lyso-Gb3: Globotriaosylsphingosine; ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; Tx: Therapy

FABRY PHASE 1



Leukocyte and plasma enzyme activity sustained up to 32 months with consistent trend across all other patients All 5 patients now out 1 year or more



22



Patients 1-5: VCN stable at 32 months with consistent trend across all other patients

All 5 patients now out 1 year or more



23

AVROBIO



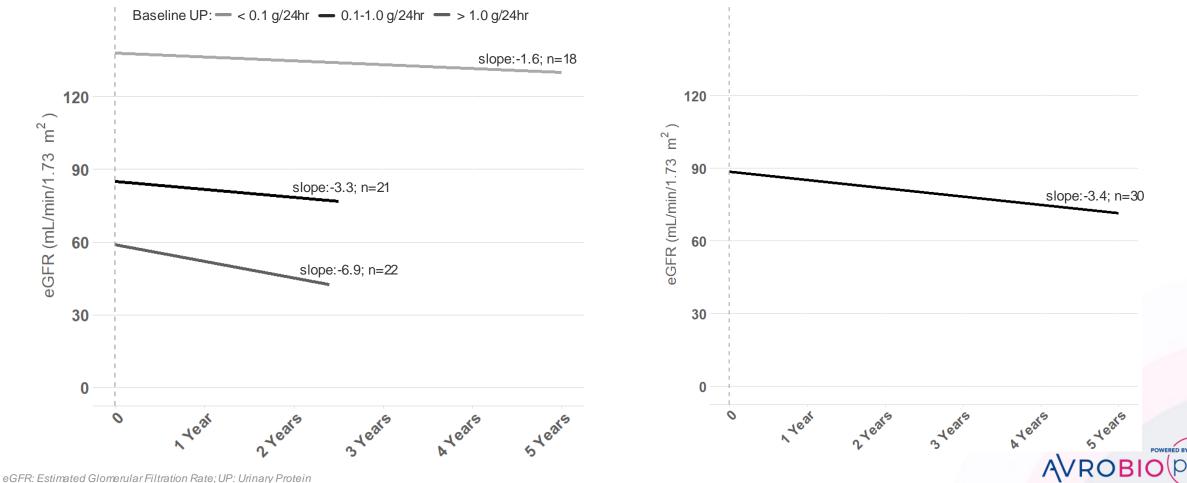
Annualized eGFR slope of

ERT-treated patients**

eGFR declines in natural history and on ERT

Classic Fabry male literature eGFR data

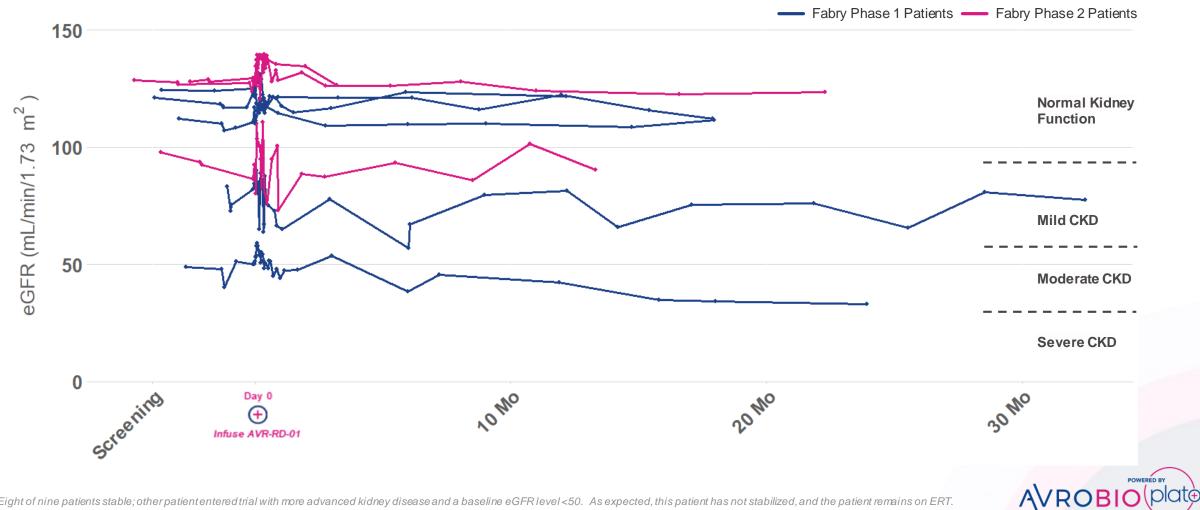
Natural history annualized eGFR slopes of treatment naïve patients*



Sources: *Schiffmann R et al, Nephrol Dial Transplant, 2009 (Table 4); ** Rombach SM et al, Orphanet J Rare Dis 2013 (Table 2)

FABRY PHASE 1 & 2

Kidney function stable across Phase 1 and Phase 2 trials, up to 32 months*



* Eight of nine patients stable; other patient entered trial with more advanced kidney disease and a baseline eGFR level < 50. As expected, this patient has not stabilized, and the patient remains on ERT. eGFR: Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate. Patient #2 from the Phase 2 trial, who is a cardiac variant and as expected has stable eGFR, has been excluded above.



Phase 1 Fabry (5 patients) and FAB-201 (4 patients)

No unexpected safety events or trends identified

No SAEs related to AVR-RD-01 drug product

AEs and SAEs reported

Phase 1 AEs (n = 100):

 Generally consistent with myeloablative conditioning, underlying disease or pre-existing conditions

FAB 201 AEs (n = 91):

- Generally consistent with myeloablative conditioning, underlying disease or pre-existing conditions
 - Grade 1 or 2 (n = 74)
 - Grade 3 or 4 (n = 17)

Anti-AGA antibodies

Anti-AGA antibody titers observed in 4 patients in the Phase 1 trial and 2 patients in FAB-201. We believe none of these are of clinical significance.

FAB 201 SAEs: (n = 6)

Febrile neutropenia (grade 3)

Thrombophlebitis (grade 2)

Pre-treatment and prior to conditioning

• Seizure (grade 2)

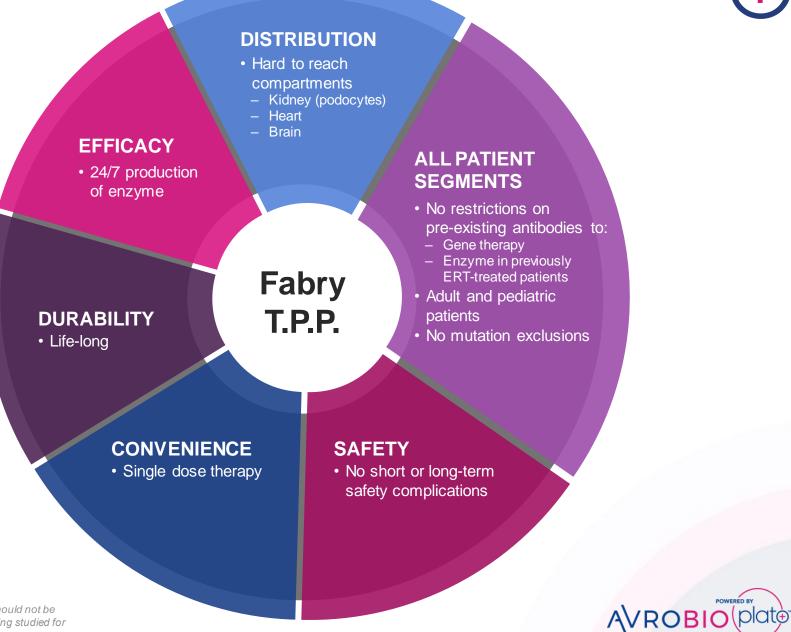
Phase 1 SAEs (n = 2):

Post-treatment

- Dehydration, nausea, vomiting (grade 3)
- Febrile neutropenia (2 patients, grade 3 & 4)
- · Culture negative fevers (grade 2)
- Mucositis (grade 2)

Fabry disease target product profile (T.P.P.)

Potential attributes intended to support first-line use



ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy

Note: Potential attributes represent desired target product profile, and are not intended, and should not be interpreted, to be attributes of AVROBIO's current investigational gene therapies, which are being studied for safety and efficacy and have not been approved by the FDA or any other regulatory body.

Building commercial capabilities

44+ product launches, including 1 gene therapy



Holly May Chief Commercial Officer



- Led commercial teams for LSDs at SanofiGenzyme
- Head of Commercial at SOBI, a rare disease company



Jose Gomez SVP, Global Market Access & Value



- Led global strategic marketing and global market access functions at AveXis
- Led market access, global strategic pricing and reimbursement functions for LSDs at Shire
- **Shire** ave is

- Extensive orphan drug commercial strategy and launch expertise
- Built out market development and commercial ops at Editas, Zafgen, Cubist, Shire, Biogen









Ramesh Arjunji

Demonstration

VP. Global Health Economics and

Outcomes Research/Value

- Led value demonstration for insurers globally at AveXis
- Significant access and reimbursement responsibilities at leading global biotech companies





Cystinosis AVR-RD-04



UNMET NEEDS:



GD

Kidney function

Unmet needs: renal Fanconi syndrome, proteinuria, chronic kidney disease, kidney failure



Vision

Unmet needs: corneal cystine accumulation, photophobia, involuntary eyelid closure



Endocrine disorders

Unmet needs: softening/weakening of bones, bone pain, rickets, long bone deformations, hypophosphatemia, delayed growth, hypothyroidism, pancreatic insulin insufficiency, diabetes, infertility



CNS complications

Unmet needs: myopathy, hypotonia, tremors, difficulty swallowing, neurodevelopmental issues (speech and walking delay and cognitive impairment)

Everyday burden of illness and life expectancy

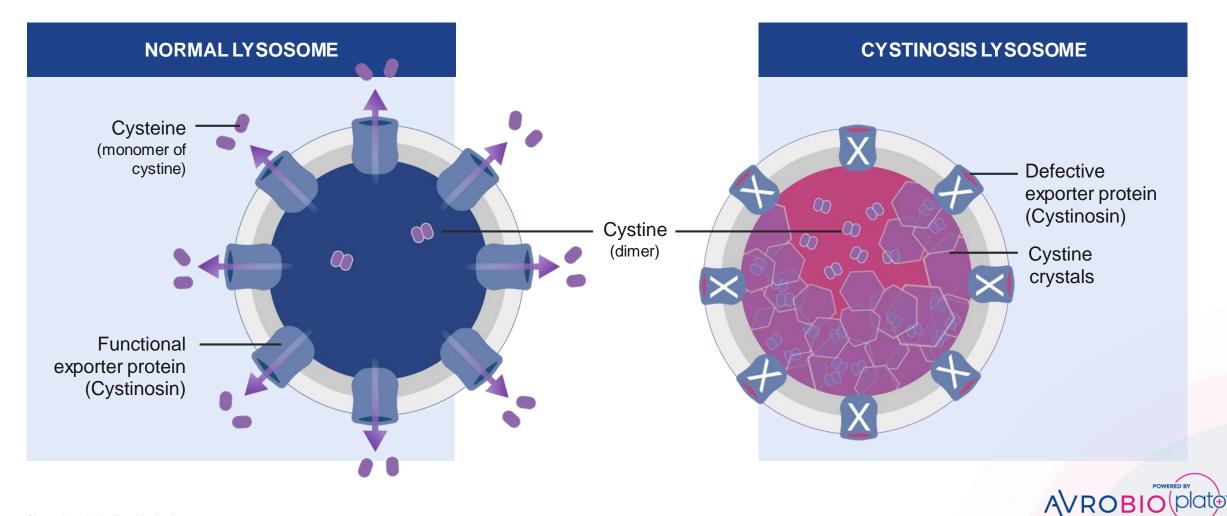
Unmet needs: medications multiple times per day that cause GI discomfort and sulfur body and breath smell, shortened lifespan



Sources: Ariceta G et al, Nephrol Dial Transplant, 2015; ElmonemM et al, Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2016; Gahl et al, NEJM, 2002; Bois et al, J Med Genet, 1976 CNS: Central Nervous System; GI: Gastrointestinal

Cystinosis caused by defective gene that encodes cystinosin, an exporter protein

Cystine crystals build up in lysosomes causing tissue and organ damage



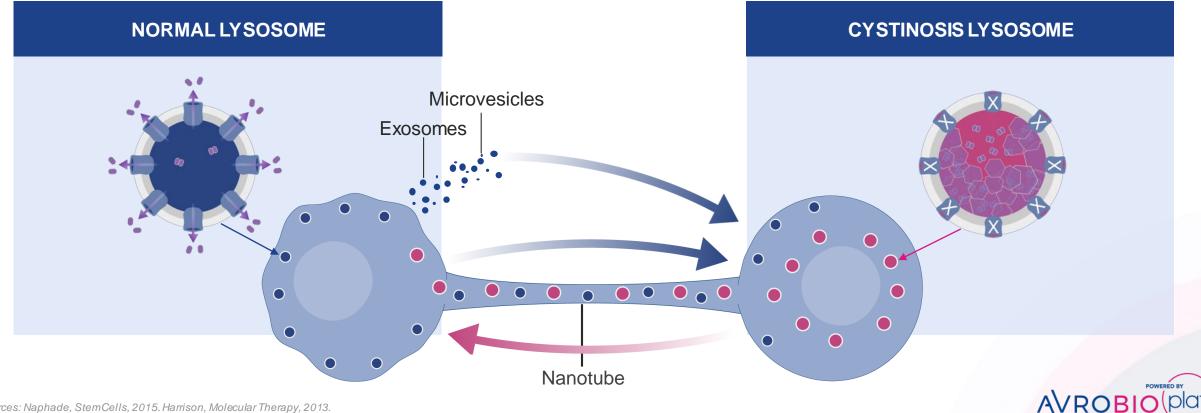
Drug product-derived macrophages restore normal cystine recycling



Mechanisms of action

Macrophages with CTNS transgene restore cystine recycling to CTNS^{-ve} cells via:

- 1. Tunneling nanotubes transfer of corrected lysosomes, cystinosin, CTNS mRNA
- 2. Exosomes / Microvesicles transfer of cystinosin, CTNS mRNA
- Net result: Corrected lysosomes in cells throughout the body



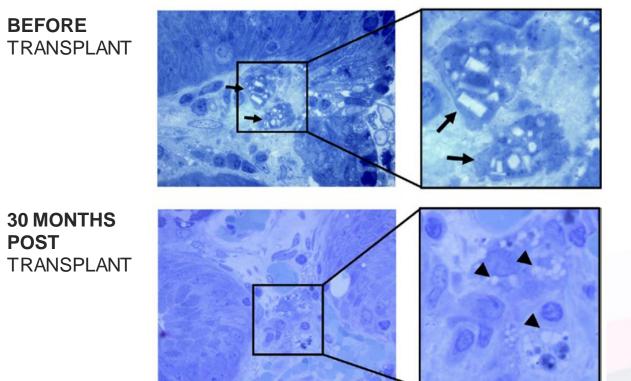
Sources: Naphade, StemCells, 2015. Harrison, Molecular Therapy, 2013. CTNS: cystinosin, lysosomal cystine transporter; mRNA: Messenger Ribonucleic Acid

Allogeneic transplant demonstrated stabilized renal function, corrected polyuria and improved photophobia

Allogenic HSC Transplant University Hospital Leuven

- 16 year old male
- Diagnosed at 2.7 years old, started on cysteamine
- Age 15 years cysteamine toxicity
- Age 16 years fully matched HLA transplant
- Acute GvHD
- First few months
 - Kidney function stabilized
 - Polyuria resolved
- 6 months
 - Photophobia score reduced from 5 (unable to open eyes even inside dark room) to 0 (no photophobia)

Cystine crystal reduction (31%) in macrophages in gastric mucosa at 30 months post transplant



Arrows/arrowheads point to tissue macrophages

33

AVROBIO

Investigator-sponsored* study of AVR-RD-04 in cystinosis patients

Two patients dosed



PHASE 1/2 Investigator-Sponsored Trial*

Patients

Up to 6 patients Adults and adolescents Cohorts 1-2 ≥18 years; Cohort 3 ≥14 years Male and Female On oral and ophthalmic cysteamine



Key Objectives

Safety and efficacy

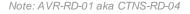


34



Cystinosis AVR-RD-04 Phase 1/2 Patient • Characteristics

	PATIENT 1
Age of symptom onset / diagnosis	0 year / 8 months
Age dosed with AVR-RD-04	20 years
Gender	Male
Mutation	Allele 1: 57-kb deletion Allele 2: c.696dupC, p.Val233Argfs*63
Primary disease signs and SoC treatment related symptoms, including	 Fanconi syndrome Polyuria Corneal abnormalities Mild photophobia Vomiting
Granulocyte Cystine levels at baseline (nmol half cystine per mg protein)*	7.8
Comments	 NO kidney transplant; stage 3 (moderate CKD) renal failure Cysteamine 1125 mg p.o. every 12 h/day since 2009; discontinued prior to AVR-RD-04 infusion Cysteamine eyedrops 4-5x/day Concomitant medications not listed





AVROBIO plate.



Phase 1/2 Cystinosis

No unexpected safety events or trends identified

No AEs or SAEs related to AVR-RD-04 drug product

No SAEs reported

AEs reported

- · Consistent with myeloablative conditioning and underlying disease
- N = 22 (moderate = 9, mild = 13)

Pre-treatment and prior to conditioning (n = 6, not all events listed)

- Diarrhea, hypokalemia, dizziness
- Dehydration, vomiting

Post-treatment (n = 16, not all events listed)

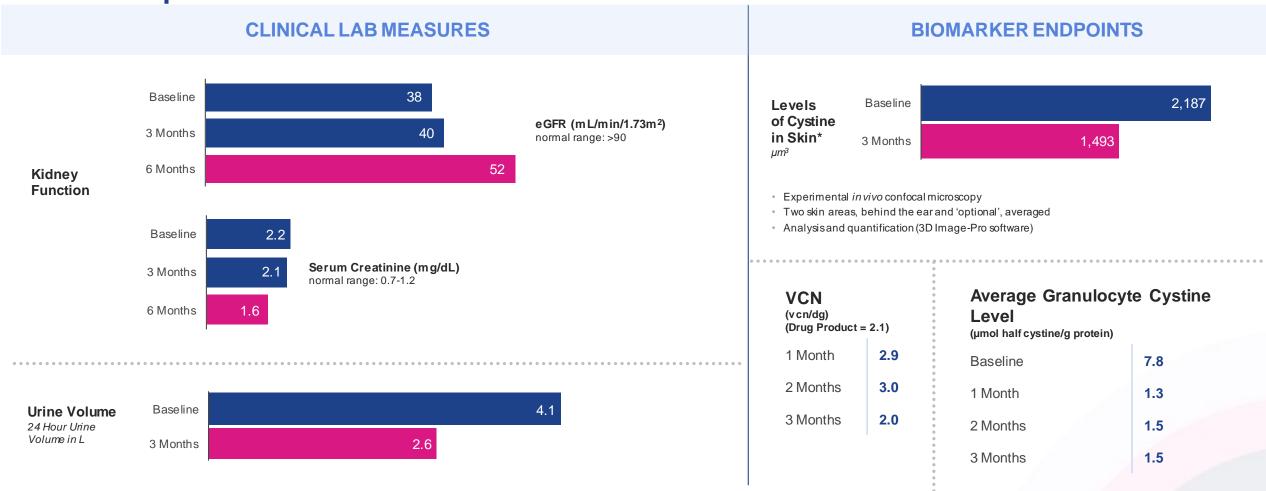
- Alopecia, intermittent diarrhea, vomiting
- Mucositis, intermittent febrile neutropenia, intermittent epistaxis
- Intermittent blurry vision, intermittent hypokalemia, mucoceles
- Thrombocytopenia



CYSTINOSIS PHASE 1/2



Patient 1: Initial data indicate positive trends across multiple measures



Asymptomatic Heterozygous Carrier Granulocyte Cystine Range: 0.2 – 1.9 µmol half cystine/g protein Source: Gertsman Let al., Clinical Chemistry, 2016

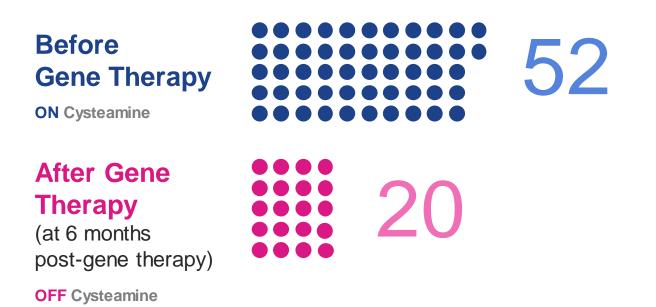
VCN: Vector Copy Number; CTNS: Cystinosin, Lysosomal Cystine Transporter; mRNA: Messenger Ribonucleic Acid; eGFR: Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate; SCr: Serum Creatinine *Data obtained using a novel experimental methodology utilizing in vivo confocal microscopy, to image crystals in the skin be hind the ear AVROBIO(p



Patient 1: Reduced treatment burden at 6 months

Number of Medications and Supplements

(max per day)







Gaucher Disease

AVR-RD-02

(+)



UNMET NEEDS:



Bone-related manifestations

Unmet needs: bone pain, avascular necrosis, bone crisis, osteoporosis, fractures, joint destruction, skeletal abnormalities



Hemoglobin levels and platelet counts

Unmet needs: anemia, thrombocytopenia, easy bruising, bleeding



Hepatosplenomegaly

Unmet needs: enlarged liver, enlarged spleen



CNS complications Unmet needs: Increased risk of GBA-Parkinson's disease

Everyday burden of illness, and life expectancy

Unmet needs: fatigue, pain, lung disease, biweekly infusions, shortened lifespan



Sources: Grabowski G et al. Online Metabolic and Molecular Bases of Inherited Disease, 2018; Weinreb N et al, AJH, 2008; Pastores G et al, Semin Hematol, 2004 CNS: Central Nervous System; GBA: gene coding for glucocerebrosidase

Goals for gene

Type 1 Disease

therapy in

Gaucher

Long-term follow-up study highlights significant unmet need in Gaucher Type 1

Despite standard-of-care ERT, disease progression continues and unmet need remains.

Incomplete therapeutic response is common:

- 60% of patients failed to achieve at least one of the six therapeutic goals evaluated after 4+ years of ERT¹
- A clinically significant percentage of patients continue to exhibit bone pain, organomegaly and cytopenia after 10 years of ERT²
- 25% of patients continue to suffer from physical limitations after two years of ERT, primarily due to bone disease³

Persistence after 10 years ERT †	Non-splenectomized Patients	Splenectomized Patients
Anemia	12.4%	8.8%
Thrombocytopenia*	22.7%	0.7%
Splenomegaly*	38.3%	N/A
Hepatomegaly*	14.3%	18.8%
Bone Pain	42.9%	62.5%
Bone Crisis	7.4%	16.7%

* Higher persistence rates observed when more severe manifestations were present at baseline

[†] Persistence refers to the presence of anemia, bone pain, bone crisis, or at least moderate thrombocytopenia, splenomegaly, or hepatomegaly, present after 10 years of ERT among those with baseline involvement of these parameters (from a registry of 757 GD1 patients; Weinreb et al., 2013).

Following 10 years of treatment, ~26% of patients were receiving between 45-150 U/kg EOW, and 96% of these individuals were receiving doses between 45-90 U/kg EOW.

Sources: ¹Weinreb N et al. Amer J Hematol, 2008; ²Weinreb N et al. J Inherit Metab Dis, 2013; ³Giraldo P et al. Qual Life Res, 2005.

GD1: Gaucher Disease Type 1; SOC: Standard of Care; ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; EOW: Every Other Week

GuardOne: Phase 1/2 study in Gaucher Type 1 patients \bigcirc First patient dosed



PHASE 1/2 AVR-RD-02 Trial

Patients

n = 8 - 16 Type 1 Gaucher Treatment naïve or on ERT 16 - 35 year-old Male and Female



Key Objectives

Safety, Engraftment, Efficacy, ERT-independence





Pompe disease AVR-RD-03



TO PREVENT OR IMPROVE:



Pulmonary function

Unmet needs: respiratory insufficiency, chronic respiratory infections, sleep apnea, artificial ventilation



Physical endurance and strength

Unmet needs: proximal myopathy, progressive muscle weakness in diaphragm, trunk and lower limbs, wheel-chair bound



CNS complications

Unmet needs: neuromuscular control, reduction in executive function, cognitive impairment



GI complications

Unmet needs: macroglossia (childhood onset), difficulty chewing and swallowing, GI symptoms, including irritable bowel-like symptoms



Everyday burden of illness, and life expectancy

Unmet needs: fatigue, hepatomegaly, independent living, biweekly infusions, shortened lifespan



Goals for gene therapy in **Pompe Disease**

Pompe lentiviral gene therapy program advancing Integrated three-part approach



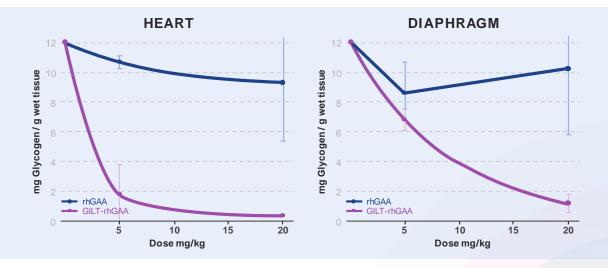
THE CHALLENGE

- Pompe requires **20x more ERT** than Fabry or Gaucher
- Requires GAA activity restored to muscle and CNS

AVROBIO's APPROACH

- Potent transgene promoter
- GILT uptake tag
- Bu90-TDM for CNS impact

GILT-tagged Recombinant Human (rh)GAA impacts levels of stored glycogen compared to non GILT-tagged Recombinant Human (rh)GAA in a Pompe mouse model

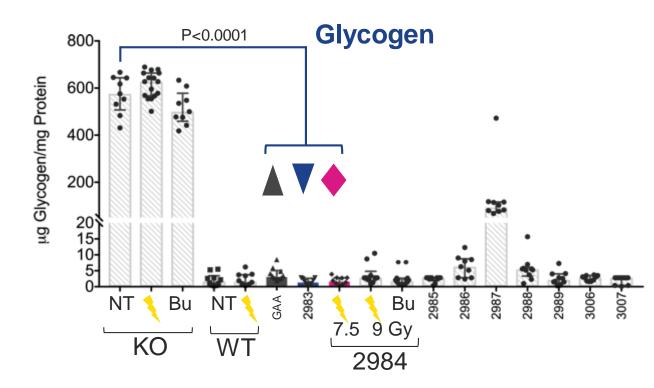


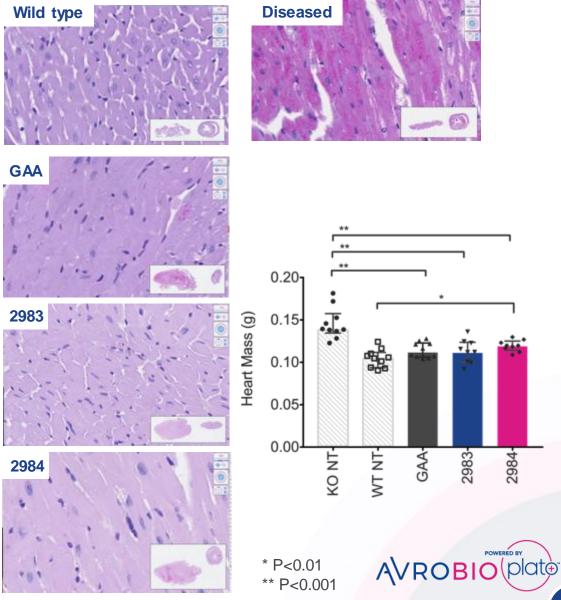


• GILT: Glycosylation-Independent Lysosomal Targeting

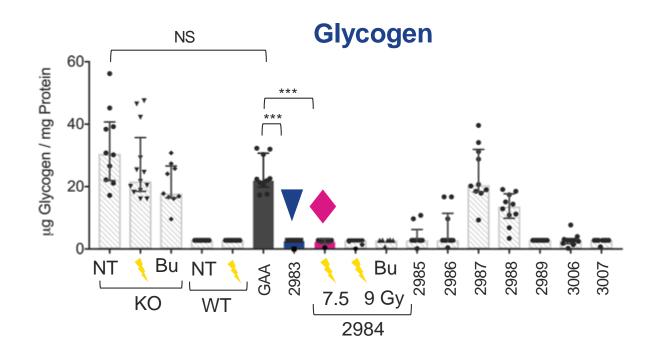
• Sources: Burton B et al, J Pediatr, 2017; Ausems M et al, Eur J Hum Genet, 1999; Gungor D et al, Orphanet J Rare Dis, 2011; Maga JA et al, J of Bio Chem, 2013; Bartelink, Lancet Haematol, 2016.

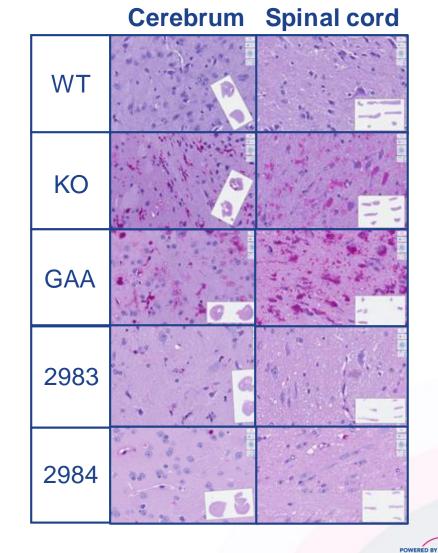
GILT and GILT mutant v1 reduce glycogen by >99% in heart \bigcirc





Glycogen and GILT and GILT mutant v1 similar to wildtype mice (+) GILT tag is essential for glycogen clearance in CNS





*** P<0.001





plato®

AVROBIO's foundation designed to scale gene therapy worldwide

State-of-the-art technologies including automated manufacturing platform

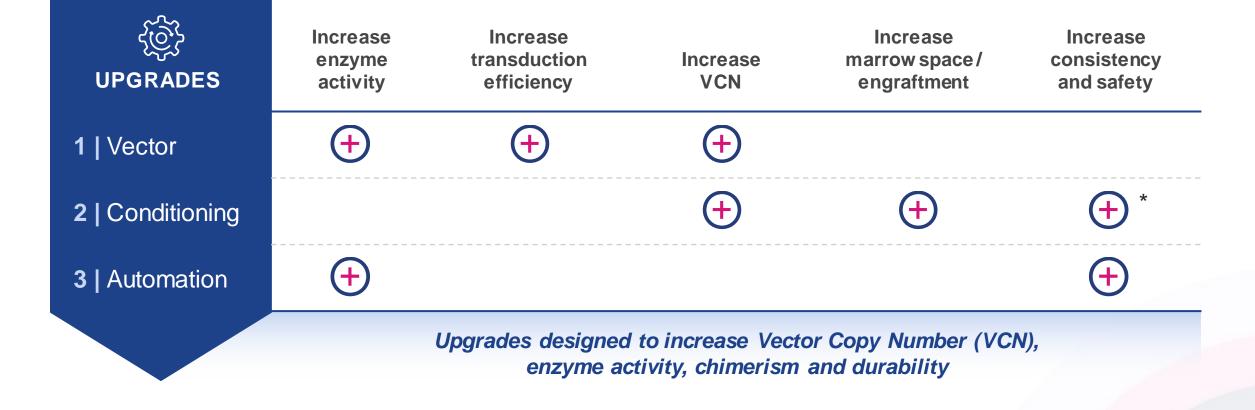
Optimized
 for performance

+ Redefines manufacturing best practices



* TDM (therapeutic drug monitoring)









VECTOR UPGRADE: Metrics compared to academic process

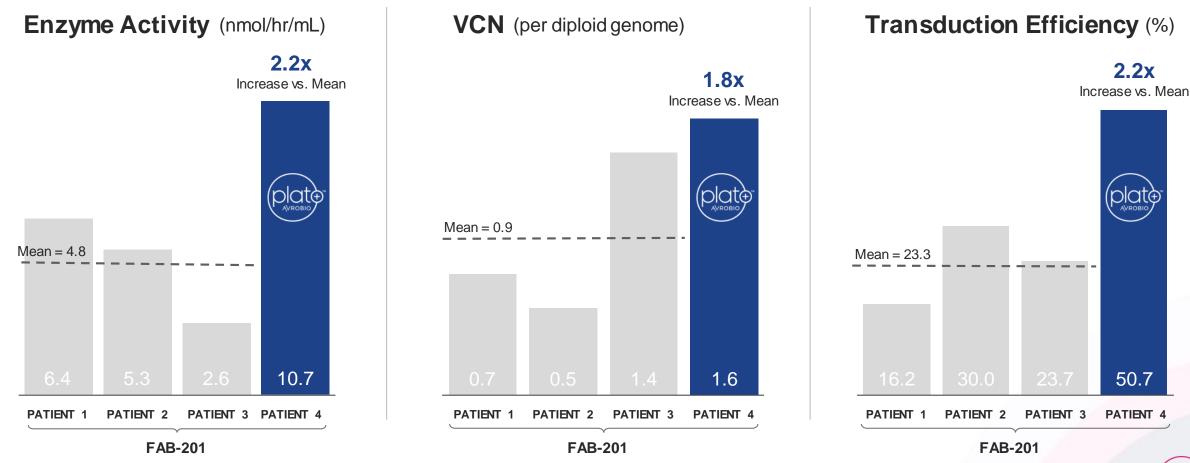


2.2x

50.7

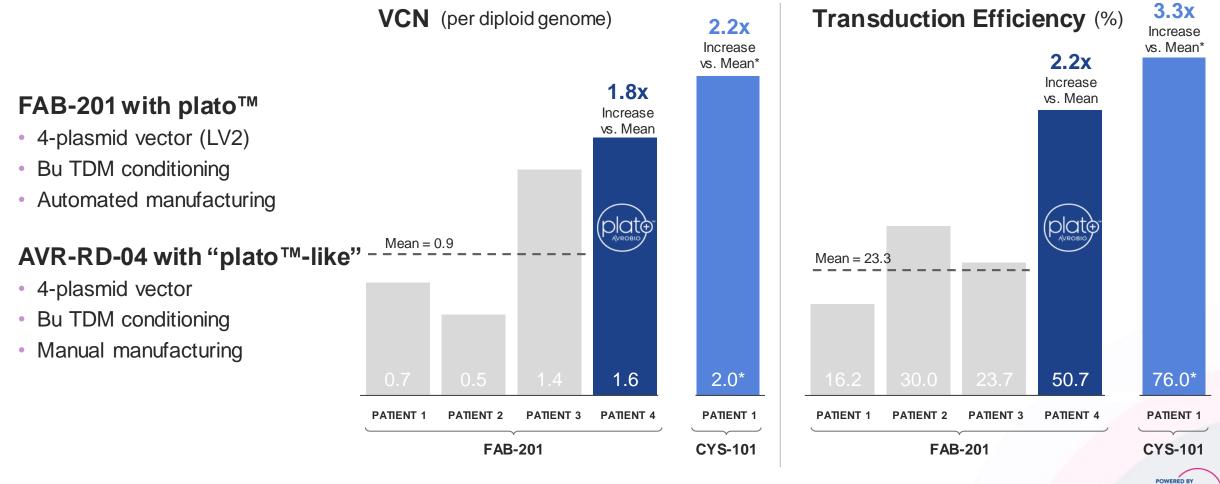
AVROBIO

FAB-201 patient #4 drug product data with plato[®]





VECTOR UPGRADE: Metrics compared to academic process FAB-201 and AVR-RD-04 drug product data



BU TDM: Busulfan Therapeutic Drug Monitoring; VCN: Vector Copy Number; FAB-201: AVR-RD-01 Study; CYS-101: AVR-RD-04 Study; LV: Lentiviral Vector

Manufactured at UCLA using UCLA's assays and methodologies

NOTE: Data is from drug product

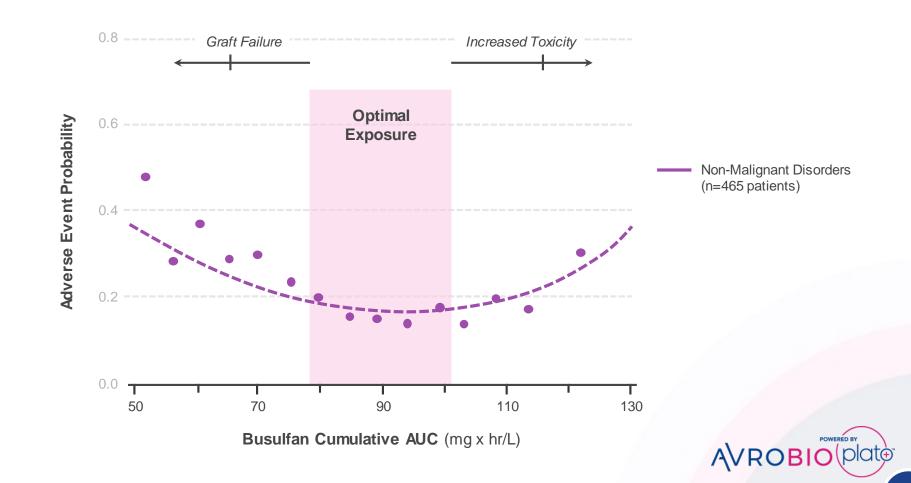
AVROBIO

PRECISION CONDITIONING UPGRADE: Targeted busulfan intended to balance optimal engraftment with enhanced safety

Meta-analysis of 465 patients identified optimal exposure

Optimized precision dosing designed to enhance tolerability

Lowest rate of adverse events in the Bu90 range



Bu: Busulfan; AUC: Area Under the Curve Sources: Bartelink IH et al, Lancet Haematol, 2016

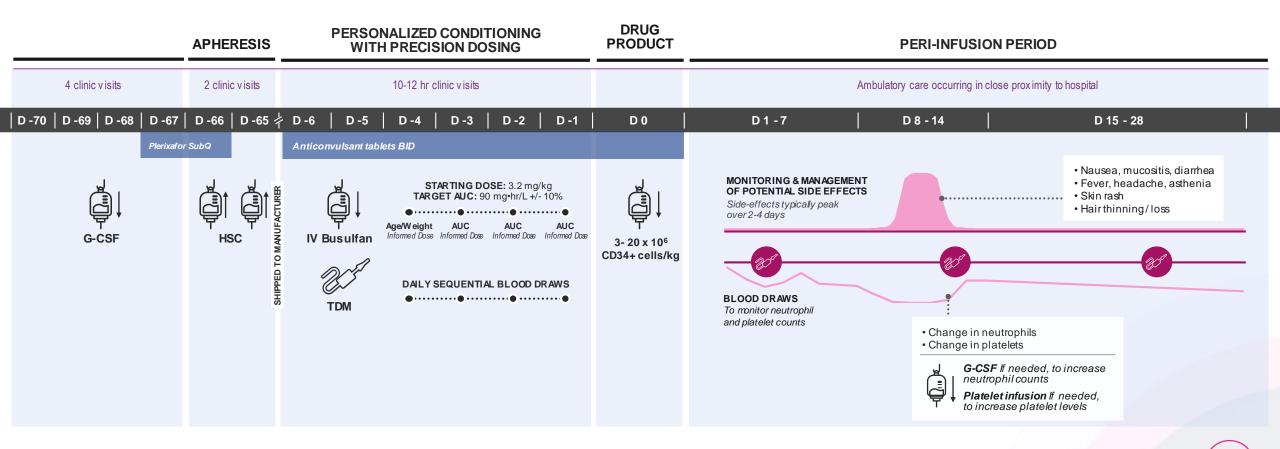
plato®

UPGRADE

2

plato® UPGRADE 9

PRECISION CONDITIONING UPGRADE: Precision dosing via state-of-the-art patient therapeutic drug monitoring (TDM)



G-CSF: granulocyte colony stimulating factor; PERI-INFUSION PERIOD: time from infusion to discharge; TDM: therapeutic drug monitoring; HSC: hematopoietic stemcell Notes: Illustrative only. AEs will vary patient by patient, see busulfan label for a complete list of side-effects. Ambulatory care based on oncology setting with higher intensity conditioning



AVROBIO (plate

53

plato® UPGRADE 2 PRECISION CONDITIONING UPGRADE: Busulfan used in chemotherapy has a different purpose and side-effect profile than busulfan used in cell therapy

Chemotherapy

- to eradicate cancer cells
- Used in combinations
- Intensive high-dose chemo*
- Multiple cycles (palliative)
- Weight-based dosing
- *Requires rescue HSC Tx

Cell Therapy

- create space in bone marrow and CNS
- Used as a single agent
- Less intensive
- Single cycle
- Precision TDM dosing

Busulfan S the therapy

Busulfan **S NOT** the therapy

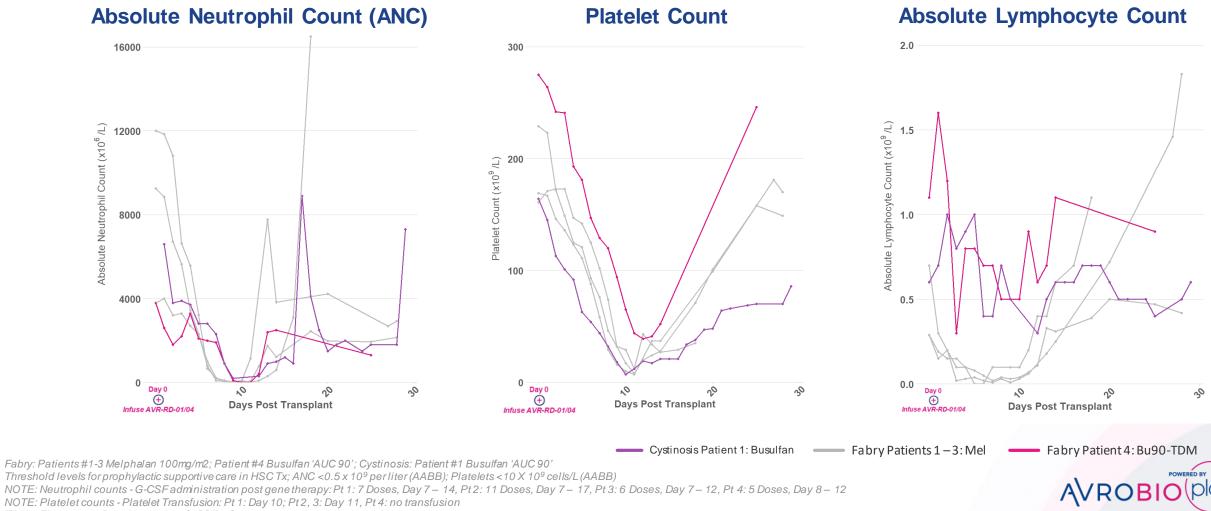
plato[®] UPGRADE PRECISION CONDITIONING UPGRADE: Lysosomal disorder patient characteristics are typically favorable compared to oncology patients and other gene therapy indications

Typical characteristics	Cancer patients	Other LV GT patients (eg. SCD, TDT)	AVROBIO LD patients (Fabry, Gaucher*, cystinosis, Pompe)				
Healthy bone marrow	×	×	\checkmark				
Healthy immune systems	×	\checkmark	\checkmark				
Healthy livers	*	×	\checkmark				
Fewer co-morbidities	×	\checkmark	✓				
Younger	×	\checkmark	✓				

* Potentially excludes treatment-naïve Gaucher Type 1 LV GT: Lentiviral Gene Therapy; SCD: Sickle Cell Disease; TDT: Transfusion-Dependent β-Thalassemia; LDs: Lysosomal Disorders AVROBI

plato® UPGRADE 2

PRECISION CONDITIONING UPGRADE: Rapid neutrophil and platelet recovery with minimal lymphocyte depletion using Busulfan TDM



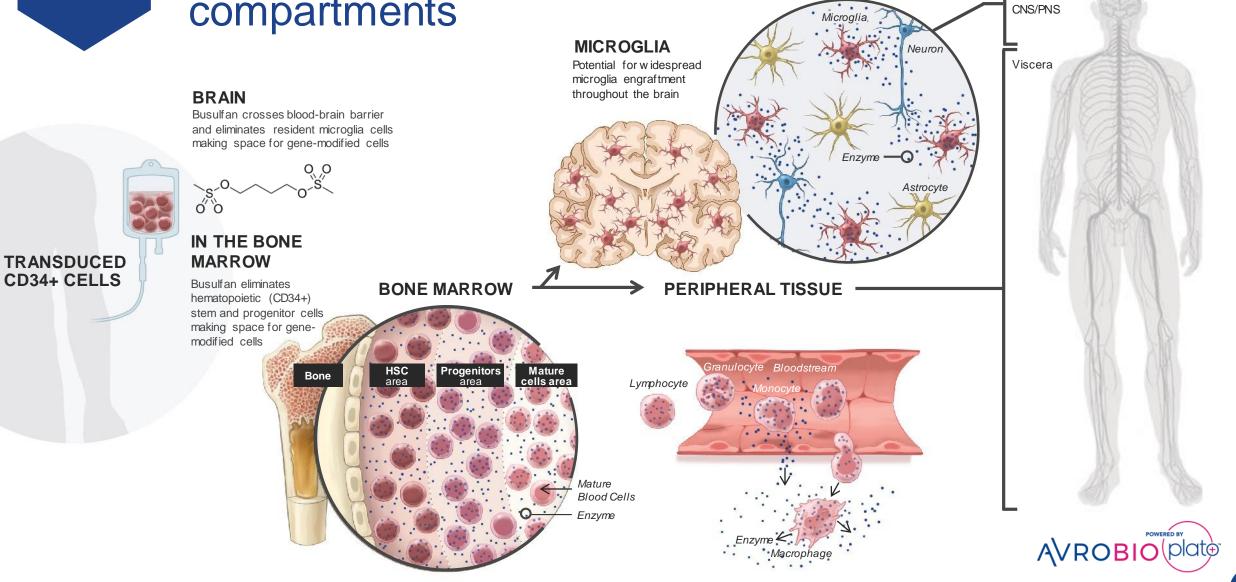
TDM = Therapeutic Drug Monitoring; G-CSF = Granulocyte-colony stimulating factor

PRECISION CONDITIONING UPGRADE: Designed to access "hard-to-reach" compartments

plato[®] UPGRADE

2

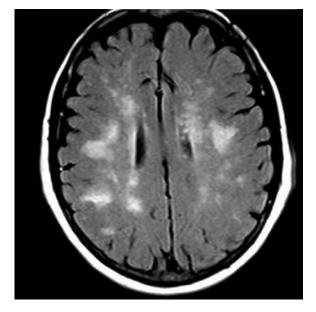




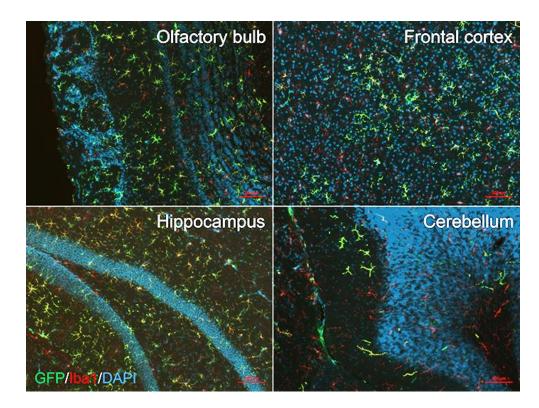
plato® UPGRADE 2

PRECISION CONDITIONING UPGRADE: Designed to access "hard-to-reach" compartments, including the brain





MRI: 54 year old with Fabry disease demonstrating white matter lesions (WMLs)



GFP: Marker of engrafted cells Iba1: Marker of microglia cells DAPI: Nuclear stain irrespective of cell type

Global microglial coverage of mouse brain at 4 months post gene-modified HSC transplantation

- Widespread engraftment in regions critical for cognitive, motor, olfactory, and visual function
- Engrafted microglia/microglia-like cells have comparable morphology and classical lineage markers with endogenous microglia

AVROBIO (plate



AUTOMATION UPGRADE: Automated, scalable manufacturing system



Designed to elevate quality and overcome historic CMC bottlenecks



Expanded Scale

Potential to reach thousands of patients per year



Broader Reach

Portable platform designed for flexible global production using low grade clean rooms



High Quality

Automated, closed system designed to improve quality and consistency



Enhanced Convenience

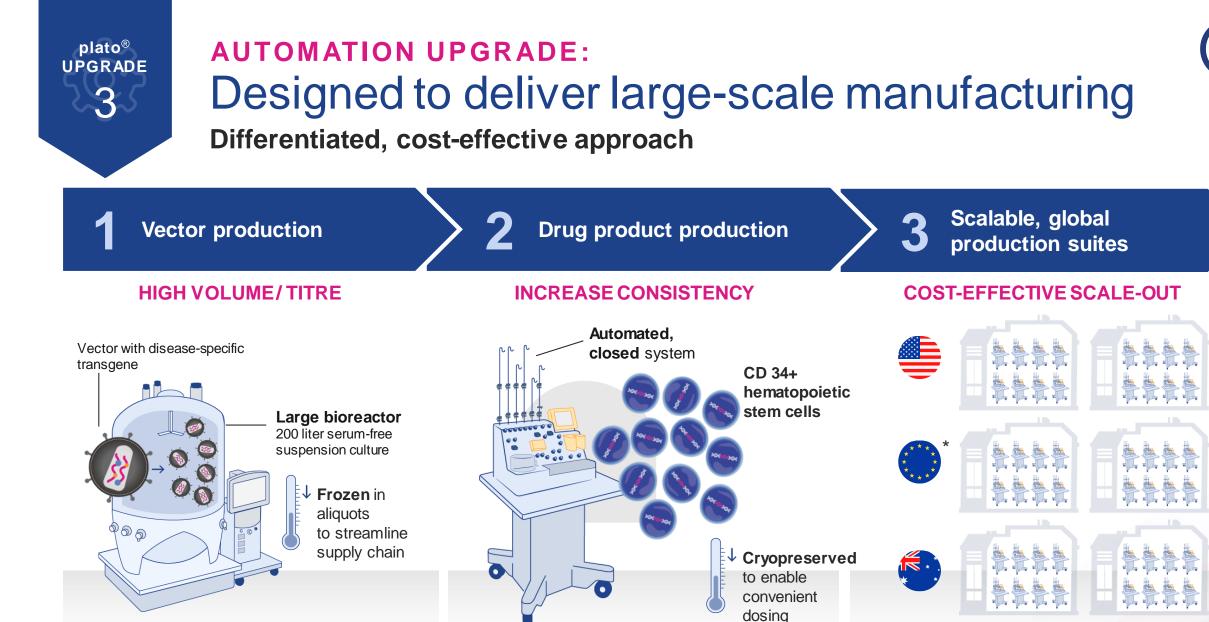
Cryopreservation simplifies logistics and patient scheduling



Lower Costs

Designed to create efficiencies in vector design / scalable cell and vector production





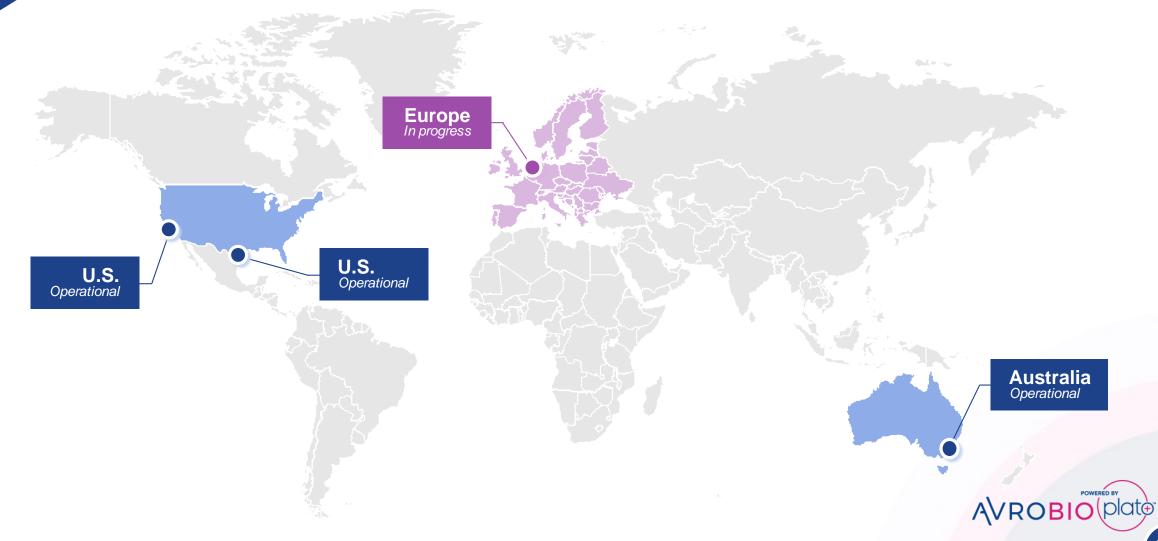
 * European manufacturing capabilities planned for 2H2020; manufacturing capabilities currently in place in U.S. & Australia

Illustrative

AVROBIO (plate)



AUTOMATION UPGRADE: Global manufacturing established Automated systems operational in 3 sites with 4th in progress

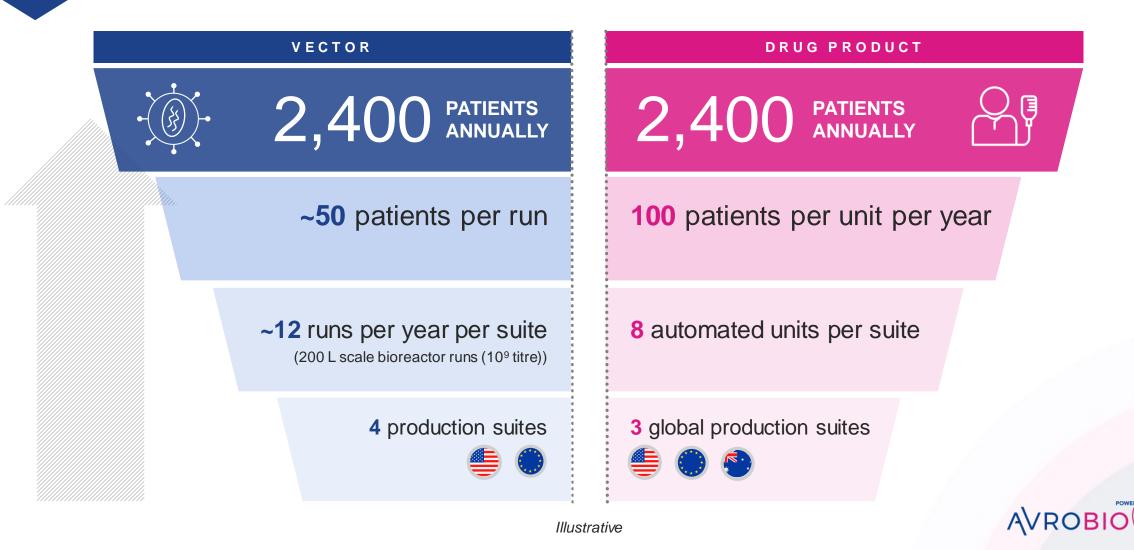




AUTOMATION UPGRADE: Poised to manufacture at scale



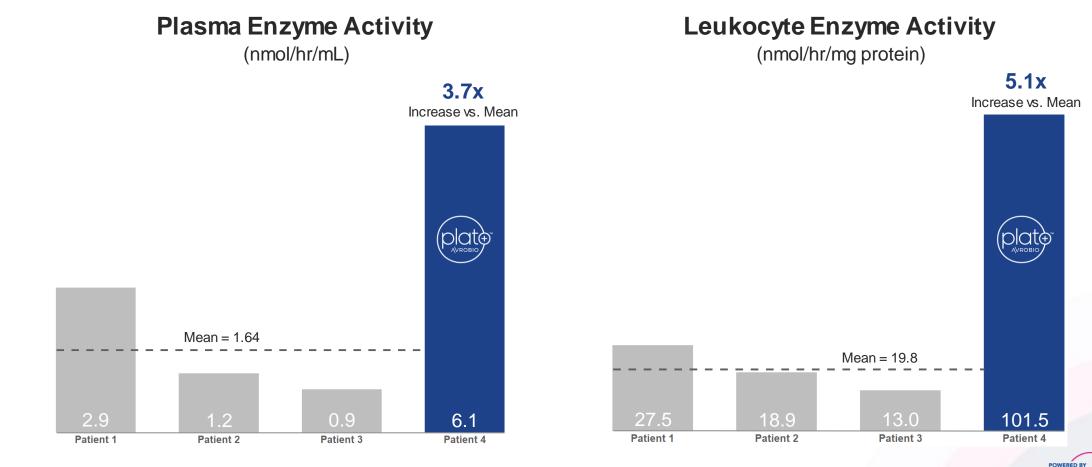
Designed to optimize potency and safety, and overcome historic CMC bottlenecks



62



3 UPGRADES IN PLACE: plato[®] metric compared to academic process FAB-201 SIX MONTH data for patient #4 with plato[®] vs. patients #1-3



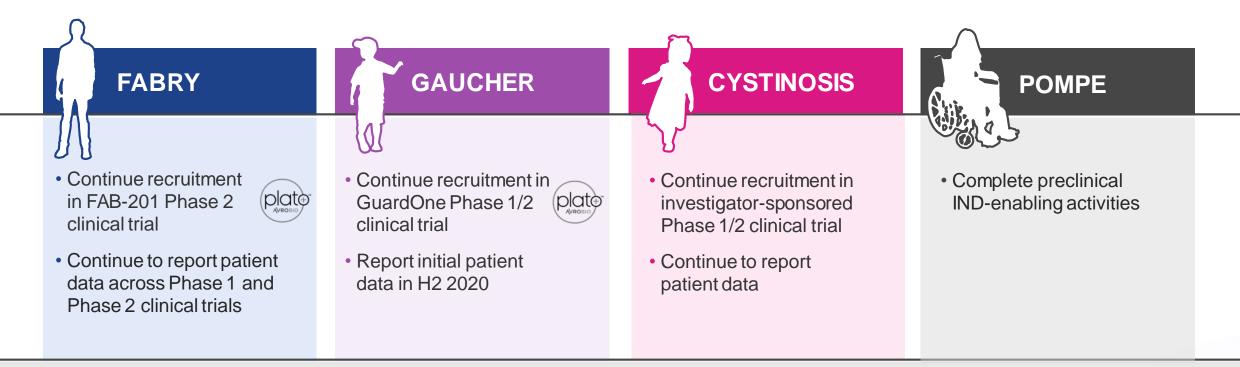
AVROBIO (plate)

63

Milestones anticipated across the pipeline in 2020



Clinical activities and timelines subject in all respects to ongoing and evolving COVID-19 pandemic*



AVROBIO to hold first R&D Day in Q4 2020

* For additional information, see the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on August 6, 2020.





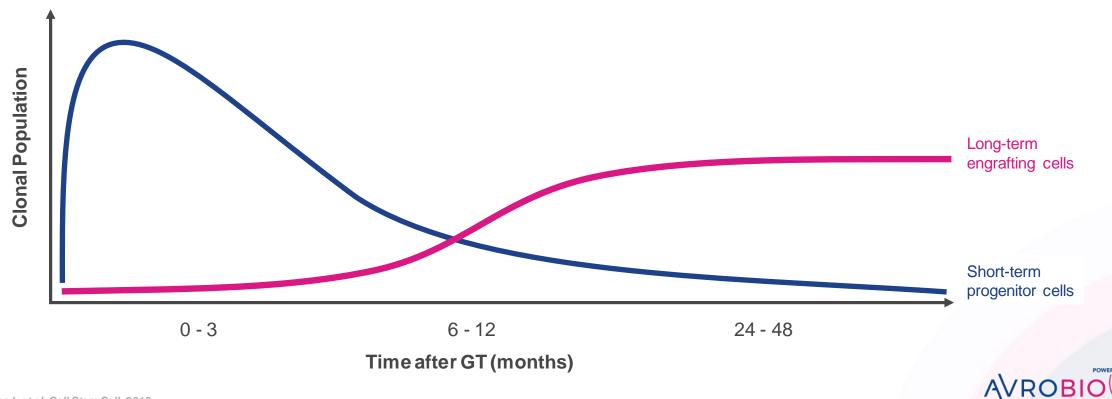


Appendix

Hematopoietic reconstitution occurs in two distinct phases \bigcirc

A few thousand long-term engrafting cells stably sustain levels of transgene product

First wave of short-term progenitor cells start to exhaust with progressive takeover by a smaller population of long-term engrafting cells



Precedent for use of kidney biopsy data for FDA approval of drug candidate for Fabry disease

(+)

Migalastat approved on % reduction in GL-3 inclusions per KIC as compared to placebo



45 Amenable patients* (16 males / 29 females)

Group	Migalastat (BL –M6)	Placebo (BL –M6)
Males (N=16)	5/7 (71%) -1.10 (-1.94, -0.02)	4/9 (44%) -0.03 (-1.00, 1.69)
Patients with baseline GL-3 \geq 0.3 (N=17; 9 males, 8 females)	7/9 (78%) -0.91 (-1.94, 0.19)	2/8 (25%) -0.02 (-1.00, 1.69)
Patients with baseline GL-3 < 0.3 (N=28; 7 males, 21 females)	6/16 (38%) -0.02 (-0.10, 0.26)	7/12 (58%) -0.05 (-0.16, 0.14)

Treatment Group	n	Baseline Median (min, max)	Month 6 Median (min, max)	Change from Baseline Median (min, max)				
Average number of GL-3 inclusions per KIC (N=13)								
Galafold	7	3.6 (0.2, 6.0)	2.6 (0.1, 6.0)	-0.7 (-1.7, 1.2)				
Placebo	6	1.8 (0.1, 2.8)	2.0 (0.05, 4.3)	-0.04 (-0.5, 1.5)				

7/9 males ≥ 50% reduction

(at 6 months from baseline)

28% average reduction

(at 6 months from baseline)

© American College of Medical Genetics and Genomic		ARTICLE	Genetics inMedicine
Open			
Efficacy of the c	harmacologic cha		astat in a
subset of male pa disease and m the phase 3 rand		assic phenoty e variants: da ter, double-bli n study	pe of Fabry ta from ind clinical

Classic Fabry patient level data

0-6 months randomized clinical trial and 6-12 months open label extension

	Male Patients with th							ne Classic Phenotype						
	Migalastat (Months 0-24)					Placebo (Months 0-6) \rightarrow Migalastat (Months 6-24)								
	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11	#12	#13	#14
PTC GL-3 inclusions at BL	0.16	0.03	n/a	5.69	1.22	n/a	2.88	2.41	1.55	0.16	0.03	0.11	0.94	0.88
Change in PTC GL-3 inclusions from BL to M6	-0.08	0.01	n/a	-1.77	-1.10	n/a	-1.25	1.21	-0.21	0.01	0.09	-0.07	1.94	-0.83
Change in PTC GL-3 inclusions from BL/M6 ^b to M12	-0.12	n/a	n/a	-1.92	n/a	n/a	-0.81	-0.94	-1.13	-0.09	-0.05	n/a	-2.28	0.06

46% average reduction

(average of patients with 12 month data)

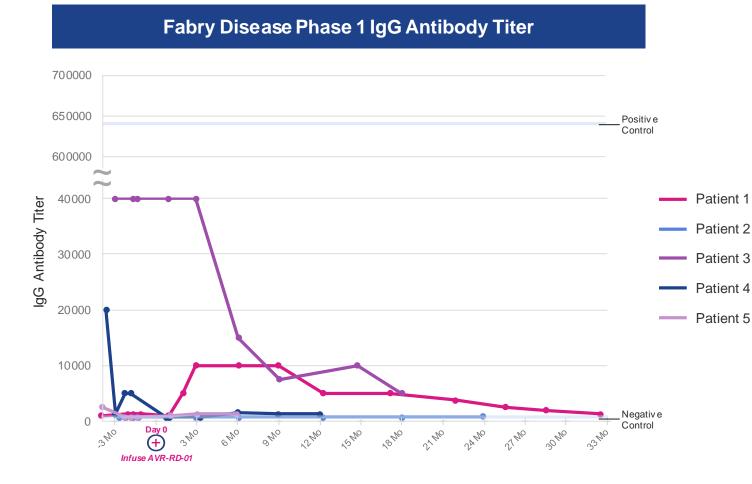
AVROBIC

Classic Fabry disease (AGA activity <1%)

• **NOTE:** For informational purposes; differences exist between trial designs and subject populations; AVROBIO has not conducted any head-to-head trials comparing migalastat to AVR-RD-01

Reduction of pre-existing anti-ERT drug IgG antibodies following AVR-RD-01

Suggests potential as a therapeutic option independent of pre-existing antibodies



ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; lgG: Immunoglobulin G; MPS-1: Mucopolysaccharidosis Type 1; IDUA: Iduronidase: SR-TIGET: San Raffaele Telethon Institute for Gene Therapy; LV: Lentiviral; rhIDUA: Recombinant Human alpha-L-Iduronidase

Similar Results Observed in Other Studies

San Raffaele Telethon Institute for Gene Therapy (SR-TIGET)

Change in pre-existing antibodies reported for Hurler disease (MPS-1)

- Ex vivo LV-CD34+ gene therapy with conditioning
- N = 6
- Evaluable patients (5/6) demonstrated sustained, supraphysiologic blood IDUA activity
- 4/5 prior ERT (rhIDUA) exposure (5-28 months)
- 4/5 pre-existing ERT-induced IgG antibodies
- 6/6 anti-rhIDUA IgGs undetectable 2 months post gene therapy

Source: Gentner B et al., Blood, 2019



New collaborations advancing leadership in lentiviral gene therapy







Fully Automated Bu-TDM Immunoassay

- AVROBIO and Saladax announced agreement to develop and validate Saladax's fully automated nanoparticle immunoassay kit
- Designed to work on most automated hospital analyzers
- Regular technician, 24/7 analysis possible with results anticipated in minutes using only microLs of blood
- Designed to analyze 10-100s samples per machine/hour
- Expected to eliminate Bu degradation errors as assay conducted in real-time at the point of care

magenta THERAPEUTICS

Antibody-Drug Conjugate

- AVROBIO and Magenta announced research & clinical collaboration agreement to evaluate Magenta's preclinical CD117-targeted antibody conjugate to amanitin (MGTA-117) in conjunction with AVROBIO investigational gene therapies
- Designed to deplete only hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells
- Has shown promising data in non-human primates
- MGTA-117 currently in IND-enabling studies
- Each party retains commercial rights to its own programs

AAV (liver-directed) data raises durability and safety questions



Adverse safety and durability signals emerging

- Safety
 - Multiple recent reports of liver toxicity and adverse immune responses, esp. with high doses
 - 3 recent deaths due to liver toxicity in Audentes' MM trial
 - SAEs in Solid Bioscience's MDM trial (still on hold)
 - SAEs in Pfizer's DMD trial
 - SAEs in Dimension's hemophilia B trial
 - Recent UPenn 10-year AAV canine Factor 8 dog data suggests adverse integration for the first time
 - AAV integration in hepatocytes (>2000 unique integration sites across 3 biopsies per dog)
 - Clonal expansions with integration near genes associated with growth control and transformation in humans
- Durability
 - BioMarin's waning Factor 8 activity in hemophilia A
 - FDA is now requiring BioMarin to provide additional durability data

AAV transduction of primate liver is highly efficient but not durable

- Population of stably expressing cells: integration?
- Evidence for genome inactivation
- Any inflammation essentially extinguishes residual expression

Jim Wilson, ASGCT, 2019

Limitations to treating broad populations

- Patients with pre-existing AAV capsid antibodies
 - 30-70% of patients
- Pediatric and adolescent patients
 - Wash-out due to lack of integration
 - Important target market for rare diseases
- Patients with CNS manifestations
 - AAV primary target in the brain is neurons
 - AAV has low tropism for other cells in the brain, like microglia
 - Focused on targeted CNS diseases (not global)
- Patients requiring medium-to-high doses
 - · Hepatotoxicity and adverse immune responses

AAV modifications currently in development Current Generation

- AAV capsid design and selection
- Therapeutic protein selection
- Low dose, steroids

Future Generations

- Scalable, re-dosable, capsid-free gene therapy
- Selective regulatory elements for precise cell targeting and controllable gene expression

AVROBIO

LV gene therapy data shows favorable track record of safety, efficacy and durability

Favorable safety, efficacy and durability demonstrated in third party data

Strong safety profile

- LVs naturally integrate, integration/safety issues are rare
- · Low number of transgenes per cell reduces stress on cells
- >350 patients treated, 1,000+ patient years of experience
- Efficacy has been demonstrated
 - In inherited blood disorders (sickle cell disease, thalassemia), primary immune deficiencies, SCID, WAS, MLD, ALD
 - LV integration expected to provide durability
 - Ex vivo LV provides systemic distribution throughout the body and brain
 - LDs are especially good disease targets for LV GT because only partial enzyme activity is required
- Durability has been demonstrated >10 years
 - Supported by data going out >10 years in thalassemia and ALD

Potential to reach all patient segments

- Patients with pre-existing drug product antibodies
 - Patient limitations not anticipated
- Pediatric patients
 - Integration overcomes wash-out concerns
 - Important target market for rare diseases
- Patients with CNS manifestations
 - LV-transduced CD34+ cells produce daughter cells with transgene including microglia in CNS
 - Potential to treat global CNS diseases/manifestations

New tailored, optimized busulfan conditioning regimens specifically for gene therapy

- Potential to treat CNS
- Principally targets myeloid cells, not B and T cells
- Therapeutic drug monitoring designed to avoid out-of-range toxicities
- Proactive approach toward management of side-effects

AVROBI