

JANUARY 2021



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Purpose

Freedom from a lifetime of genetic disease.

Vision

Bring personalized gene therapy to the world.

Ex vivo lentiviral gene therapy has emerged as a leading modality across multiple genetic diseases Industry-wide data demonstrate proven record, broad utility

EFFICACY	DURABILITY	TOLERABILITY	WIDE REACH	BROAD UTILITY
Approved ALD Beta thalassemia MLD Investigational	 >12 years post-infusion 	 >350 patients >1,000 patient years 	 Head-to-toe, including: Brain Muscle Bone 	 Pediatrics and adults All mutations No exclusions due to pre-existing antibodies

• Fanconi anemia

• Hurler syndrome

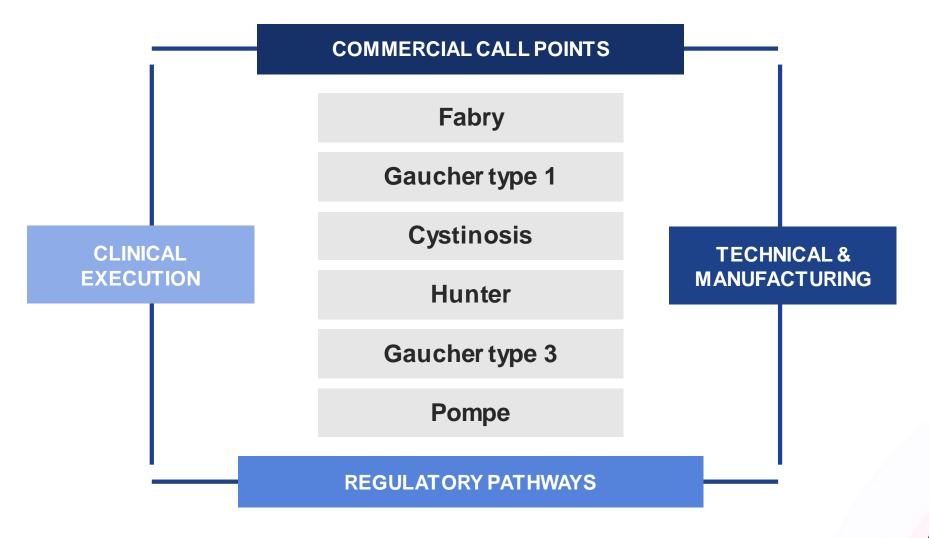
- Sanfilippo A
- Sanfilippo B
- SCID-ADA
- SCID-X
- Sickle cell disease
- Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
- X-CGD

Leading lysosomal disorder gene therapy pipeline 13 patients dosed to date

	Proof-of-Concept	IND-Enabling	Phase 1/2
Fabry AVR-RD-01			
Gaucher type 1 AVR-RD-02			
Cystinosis AVR-RD-04			
Hunter AVR-RD-05			
Gaucher type 3 AVR-RD-06			
Pompe AVR-RD-03			



'Halo effect' driven by strong pipeline synergies Replicable path to market



Multi-billion dollar market opportunity



Targeting rare lysosomal disorders with annual sales of ~\$4.6 billion

Disease	Approx. 2019 Global Net Sales [†]	Five-Year SOC Cost per U.S. Patient*	Selected Companies w/ Marketed Therapies
Fabry	\$1.4B	\$1.7M	SANOFI GENZYME 🗳 Chire
Cystinosis	\$0.2B	\$4.3M	
Gaucher	\$1.4B	\$2.3M	SANOFI GENZYME 🗳 Chire
Hunter	\$0.6B	\$2.4M	Takeda Shire
Pompe	\$1.0B	\$3.2M	SANOFI GENZYME 🎝
	Total: \$4.6B		

Sources: Rombach S et al., Orphanet J Rare Dis, 2013; van Dussen L et al., Orphanet J Rare Dis, 2014

* WAC pricing from Redbook using standard dosing assumptions

[†]2019 Net Sales from company annual and other reports

[‡]Horizon's Procysbi oral therapy (delayed release cysteamine bitartrate); midpoint between avg. adult and pediatric

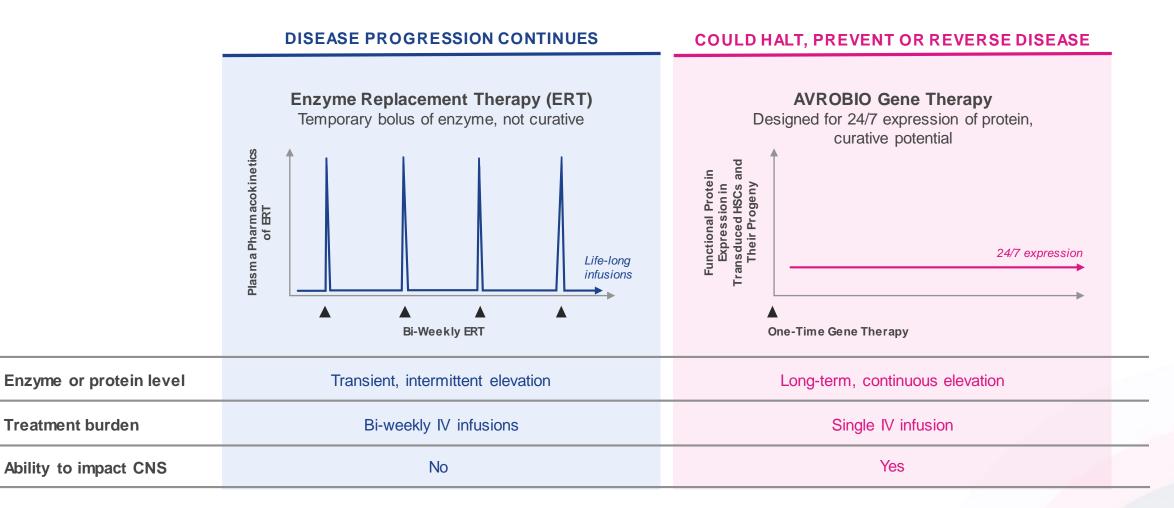
Note: Shire acquired by Takeda in 2019





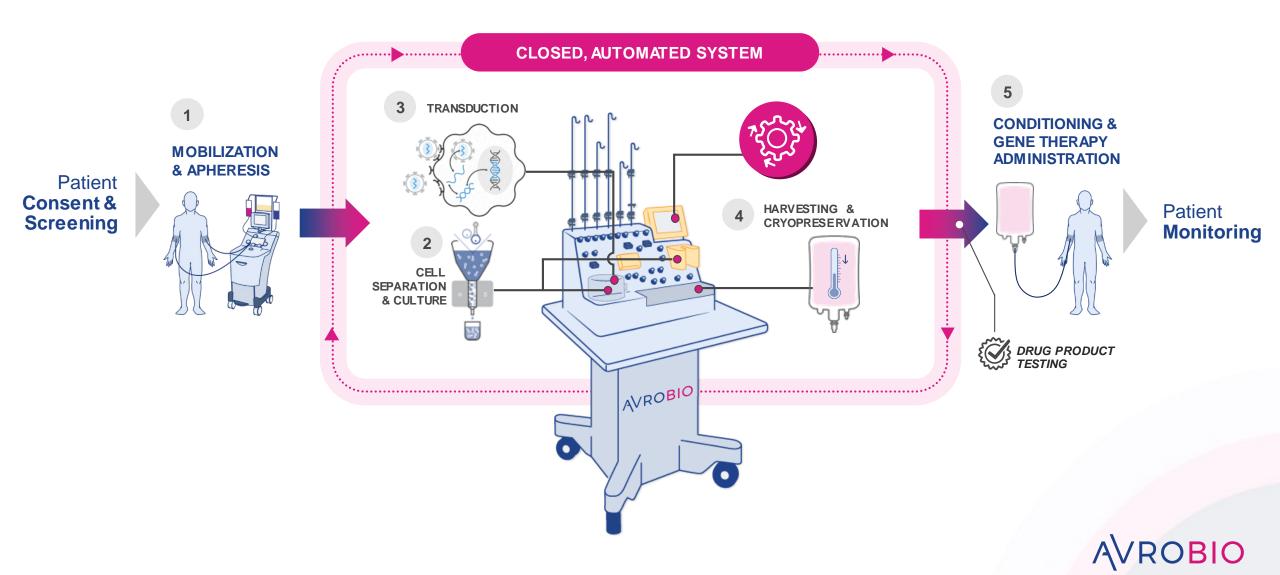
Lifelong treatments vs. potential single-dose therapy





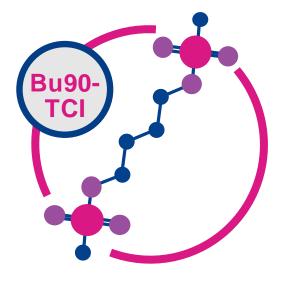
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Unrivaled commercial-scale platform in plato®



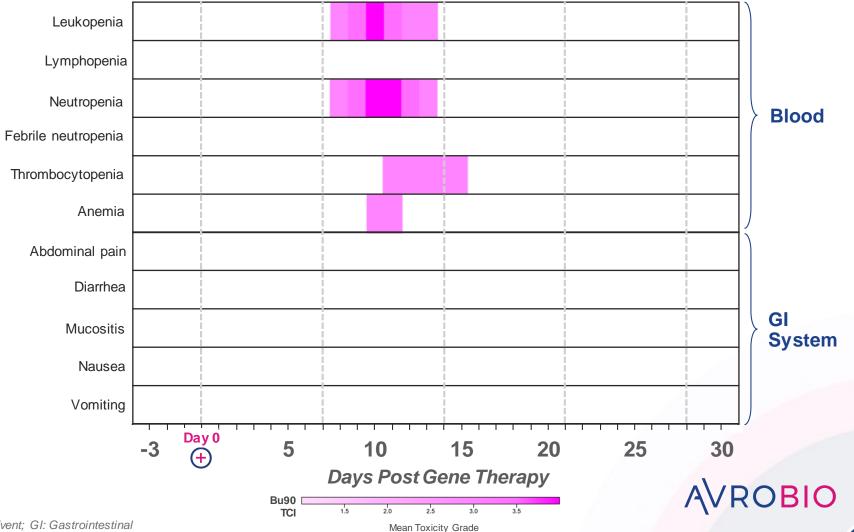
Emerging tolerability profile has been predictable and manageable

Conditioning-related grade 3-4 AEs were transient in first 2 plato[®] patients



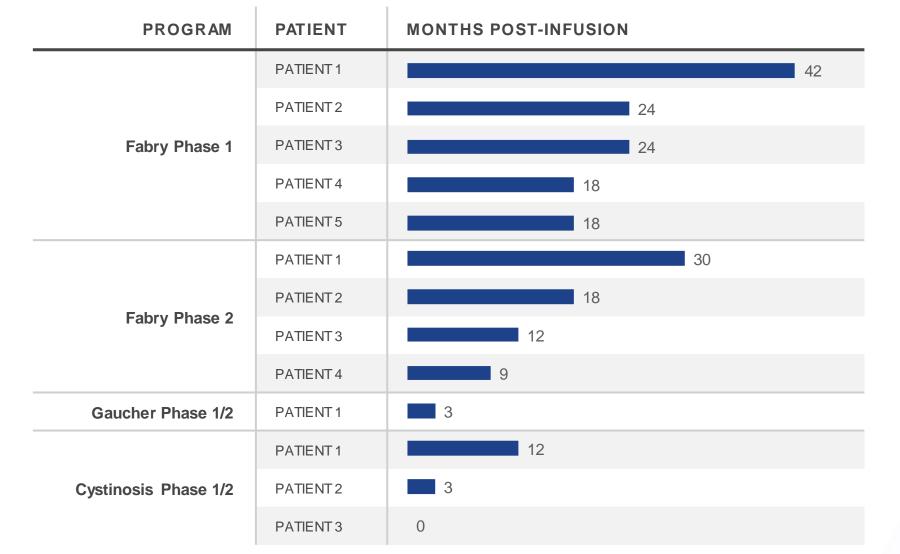
Busulfan 90 Target Concentration Intervention (TCI)

Observations to-date show short-term side effects start ~1 week after infusion, peak over the next 3-5 days and subside



Durability across programs 9 patients out 1 year or more; first patient out 3.5 years





"First Wave" Programs

Fabry, Gaucher Type 1, cystinosis

Fabry disease opportunity

Travis, living with Fabry disease

Caused by mutation in gene encoding for alpha-galactosidase A enzyme

Standard of care (SOC): ERT

- Not curative, relentless progression of disease continues
- Burdensome and expensive bi-weekly ERT infusions required; 5-year treatment cost of ERT = ~\$1.7 million*

Unmet needs with SOC:



to

Kidney function Proteinuria, polyuria, kidney failure

Cardiac function

Left ventricular hypertrophy, fibrosis, heart failure

P

Neuropathic pain

Pain and burning sensations in hands and feet, pain crises

Everyday burden of illness, and life expectancy Not curative, relentless progression of disease, shortened lifespan

CNS complications

TIA/stroke, depression, mild cognitive deficiency, white matter hyperintensities

Fabry Disease Target Product Profile:

- Prevents, halts or reverses disease; normalizes lifespan
- Addresses all patient segments all genetic mutations, male and female, all ages
- · Lifelong durability single infusion; off ERT
- Impacts hard-to-reach organs e.g., brain, heart, kidney
- Well tolerated no ERT/chaperone therapyrelated side effects

Affects ~ 1:40,000 males and 1:118,000 females in U.S.

Two AVR-RD-01 Fabry clinical trials



9 patients dosed across Phases 1 and 2

PHASE 1 Investigator-Sponsored Trial*

Patients

n = 5 (fully enrolled) On ERT > 6 months prior to enrollment 18 - 50 year-old males

Key Objective

Safety and preliminary efficacy

PHASE 2 AVRO – FAB-201 Trial

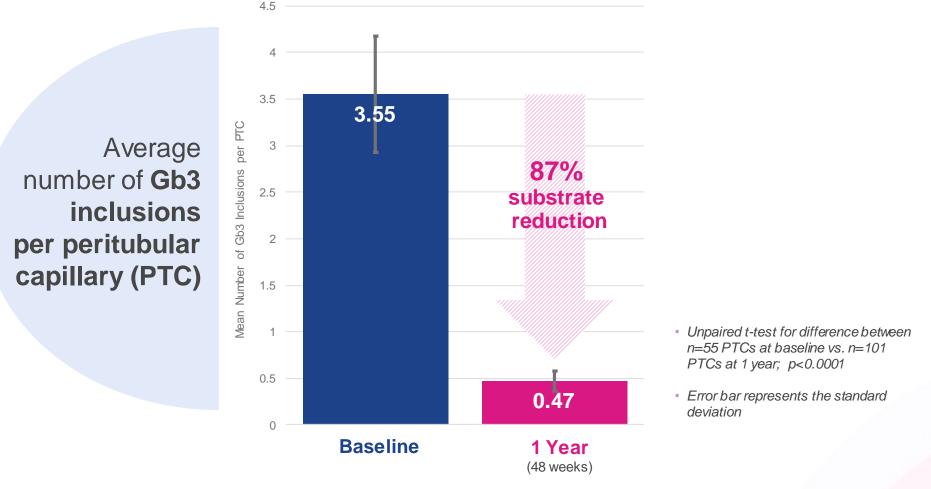
Patients

n = 8-12 (4 patients dosed to-date) Treatment-naive 16 - 50 year-old males

Key Objectives

Safety and efficacy

Substantial reduction of substrate in kidney biopsy at 1 year



Baseline: The last available, non-missing observation prior to AVR-RD-01 infusion

Note: With respect to Fabry disease, Gb3 inclusions per PTC is interchangeable with GL-3 inclusions per KIC

FAB-201-1: First patient in FAB-201 clinical trial

PTC: Peritubular Capillary; Gb3: Globotriaosylceramide; GL-3: Globotriaosylceramide; KIC: Kidney Interstitial Capillary



FDA NEWS RELEASE

FDA approves new treatment for a rare genetic disorder, Fabry disease

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For Immediate Release: August 10, 2018

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration today approved Galafold (migalastat), the first oral medication for the treatment of adults with Fabry disease. The drug is indicated for adults with Fabry disease who have a genetic mutation determined to be responsive ("amenable") to treatment with Galafold based on laboratory data. Fabry disease is a rare and serious genetic disease that results from buildup of a type of fat called globotriaosylceramide (GL-3) in blood vessels, the kidneys, the heart, the nerves and other organs.

"Thus far, treatment of Fabry disease has involved replacing the missing enzyme that causes the particular type of fat buildup in this disease. Galafold differs from enzyme replacement in that it increases the activity of the body's deficient enzyme," said Julie Beitz, M.D., director of the Office of Drug Evaluation III in FDA's Center for Drug Evaluation and Research.

Fabry disease is an inherited disorder caused by mutations (alterations) in the alphagalactosidase A (GLA) gene located on the X-chromosome. Fabry disease is rare and affects both males and females. It is estimated that classic Fabry disease (the most severe type) affects approximately one in 40,000 males. The later-onset type is more frequent, and in some populations, may occur in one in 1,500 to 4,000 males. Patients with Fabry disease develop slowly progressive kidney disease, cardiac hypertrophy (enlargement of the heart), arrhythmias (abnormal heart rhythm), stroke and early death.

The efficacy of Galafold was demonstrated in a six-month, placebo-controlled clinical trial in 45 adults with Fabry disease. In this trial, patients treated with Galafold over six months had a greater reduction in globotriaosylceramide (GL-3) in blood vessels of the kidneys (as measured in kidney biopsy samples) as compared to patients on placebo. The safety of Galafold was studied in four clinical trials which included a total of 139 patients with Fabry disease.

The most common adverse drug reactions in patients taking Galafold in clinical trials were headache, nasal and throat irritation (nasopharyngitis), urinary tract infection, nausea, and fever (pyrexia).

Galafold was approved using the Accelerated Approval pathway, under which the FDA may approve drugs for serious conditions where there is an unmet medical need and where a drug is shown to have certain effects that are reasonably likely to predict a clinical benefit to patients. A further study is required to verify and describe the clinical benefits of Galafold, and the sponsor will be conducting a confirmatory clinical trial of Galafold in adults with Fabry disease.

Precedent for use of kidney biopsy data for FDA approval of drug candidate for Fabry disease

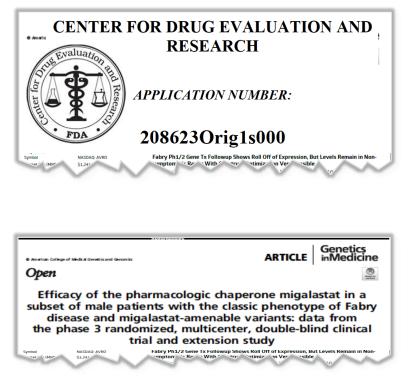
"The U.S. Food and Drug Administration today approved Galafold (migalastat), the first oral medication for the treatment of adults with Fabry disease."

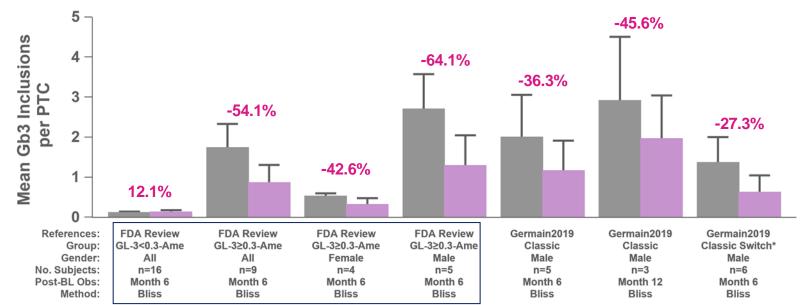
"In this trial, patients treated with Galafold over six months had a greater reduction in globotriaosylceramide (GL-3) in blood vessels of the kidneys (as measured in kidney biopsy samples) as compared to patients on placebo."

"Galafold was approved using the Accelerated Approval pathway, under which the FDA may approve drugs for serious conditions where there is an unmet medical need and where a drug is shown to have certain effects that are reasonably likely to predict a clinical benefit to patients."



Precedent for use of kidney biopsy data for FDA approval of drug candidate for Fabry disease





Abbreviations: Ame=Amenable; NonAme=Non-Amenable; Classic=Classic Fabry Patients; PTC=Peritubular Capillary; BL=Baseline; Obs=Observation.

Notes: All data on substrate changes presented are from Migalastat-treated subjects who participated in the Phase 3 FACETS study (NCT00925301). Substrate changes were determined using BLISS (Barisoni Lipid Inclusion Scoring System). Error bar represents the standard error of the mean.

* Denotes patients who were randomized to Placebo (Months 0-6) and switched to Migalastat starting at Month 6 post study start. The Baseline at Month 6 was derived as the sum of the PTC Gb3 inclusions at Baseline (Month 0) and the Change in PTC Gb3 inclusions from Baseline to Month 6. Percent change is associated with Change from Month 6 to Month 12.

Baseline

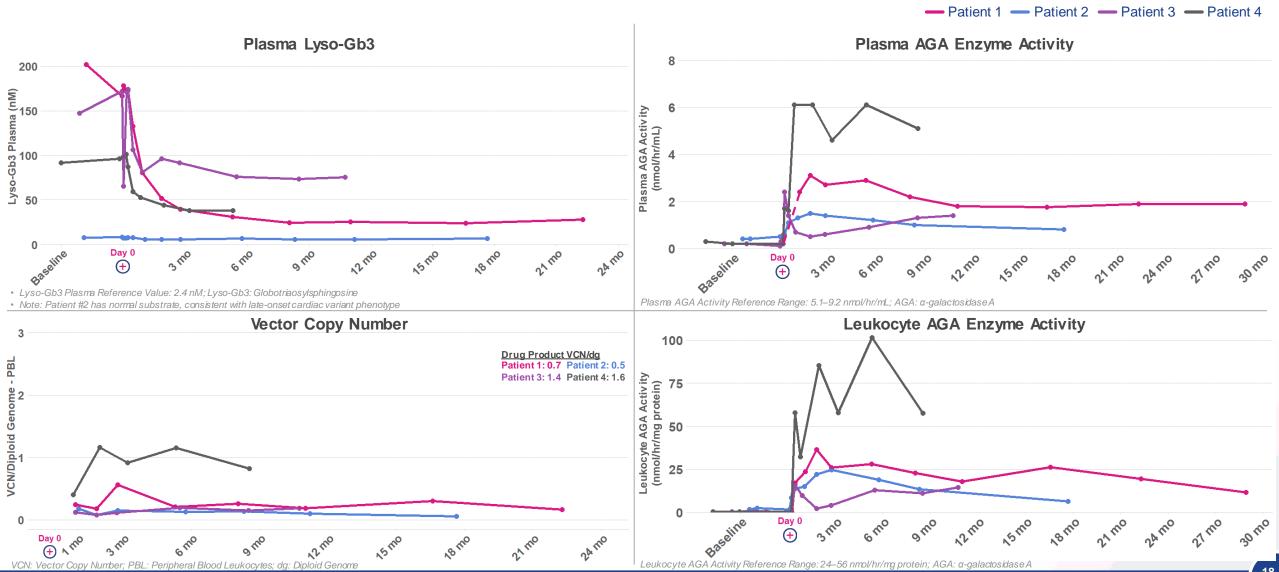
Post-Baseline

Sources: Galafold (Migalastat), Multi-Discipline FDA Review; Germain 2019, Genet Med 21, 1987–1997 (2019)

17

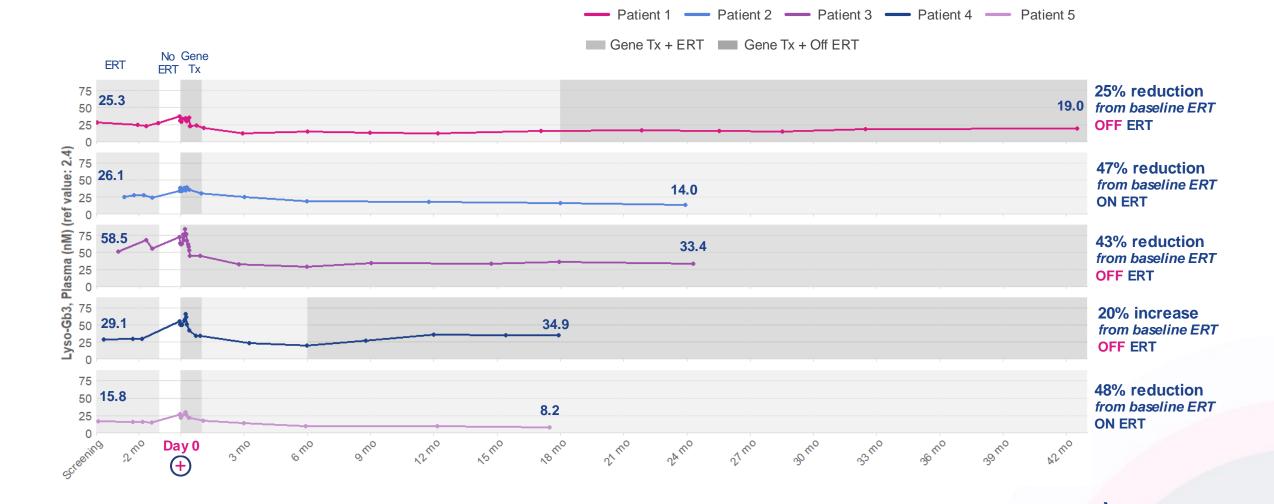


Sustained trends over multiple measures up to 2.5 years Patient 4 dosed using plato[®]





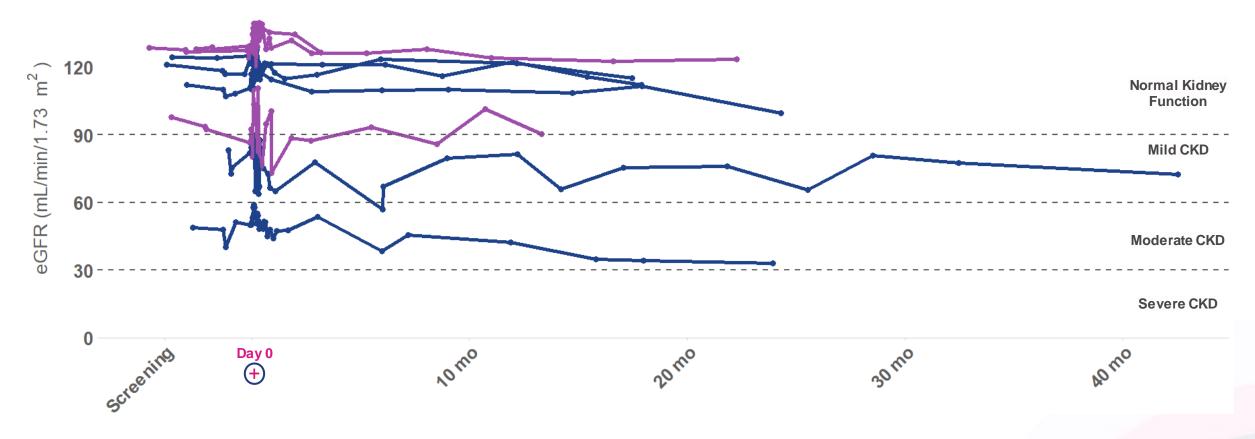
29% average lyso-Gb3 reduction below baseline ERT All patients who have discontinued ERT remain off ERT*



* As of October 26, 2020 Lyso-Gb3: Globotriaosylsphingosine; ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; Tx: Therapy

Kidney function (eGFR) stable up to 3.5 years*

- Fabry Phase 1 - Fabry Phase 2



* Eight of nine patients stable; other patient entered trial with more advanced kidney disease and a baseline eGFR level <50 mL/min/1.73m².

As expected, this patient has not stabilized, and the patient remains on ERT

Note: eGFR was calculated using the CKD-EPI formula

eGFR: Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate; CKD: Chronic Kidney Disease; CKD-EPI: Chronic Kidney Disease Epidemiology Collaboration

No unexpected safety events or trends identified



No SAEs or AEs related to AVR-RD-01 drug product

Anti-AGA antibodies

 Anti-AGA antibody titers observed in 4 patients in the Phase 1 trial and 2 patients in FAB-201. We believe none of these are of clinical significance

AEs and SAEs reported

Phase 1 AEs (n=101)

- Generally consistent with myeloablative conditioning, underlying disease or pre-existing conditions
 - Grade 3 or 4 (n=17)

Phase 1 SAEs (n=2)

- Febrile neutropenia (grade 3)
- Thrombophlebitis (grade 2)

FAB 201 AEs (n=111)

- Generally consistent with myeloablative conditioning, underlying disease or pre-existing conditions
 - Grade 3 or 4 (n=22)

FAB 201 SAEs (n=6)

Pre-AVR-RD-01 treatment and prior to conditioning

• Seizure (grade 2)

Post-AVR-RD-01 treatment

- Dehydration, nausea, vomiting (grade 3)
- Febrile neutropenia (2 patients, grade 3 & 4)
- Culture negative fevers (grade 2)
- Mucositis (grade 2)

Planned global regulatory strategy for Fabry disease

Planned ERT-switch

CONFIRMATORY TRIAL

- Males, mutation-independent
- Efficacy, durability, safety
- Cardiac and kidney function
- Cognition and CNS imaging
- Biomarker data
- Quality of life

Phase 2 Partially Enrolled ERT-naïve

Fully

Enrolled

ERT-switch

EXPANDED FOR POTENTIAL ACCELERATED APPROVAL

- n=8-12
- Treatment-naïve classic males
- Efficacy, durability, and safety
- Biomarker data, kidney and cardiac function, Gb3 in kidney biopsy
- Expand n, including adding females

PHASE 1 – INVESTIGATOR SPONSORED TRIAL

- n=5, fully enrolled
- ERT-switch in classic males
- Safety, preliminary efficacy, durability
- Biomarker data, kidney function

Anticipated Next Steps:

- Present new data, including second kidney biopsy, at WorldSymposiumQ1 '21
- Discuss accelerated approval approach with FDA by Q1 '21
- Expand Phase 2 study and complete enrollment
- Initiate confirmatory ERT-switch trial activities in 2021
- Seek early FDA agreement on potency assay matrix
- Advance commercial readiness activities including payors / HTA interactions

ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy; CNS: Central Nervous System; Gb3: Globotriaosylceramide

Cystinosis opportunity



Caused by CTNS gene defect, resulting in cystine build up in lysosomes

Standard of care (SOC): Cysteamine oral & eye drops

- Not curative, relentless progression of disease continues; significantly shortened lifespan; kidney transplant often required
- Burdensome and expensive high pill burden and hourly eye drops; 5-year treatment cost with SOC ~\$4.3 million*

Unmet needs with SOC:



A

Kidney function Renal Fanconi syndrome, proteinuria, CKD, kidney failure

Vision

Corneal cystine accumulation, photophobia, involuntary eyelid closure

Endocrine disorders

Softening & deformation of bones, hypothyroidism, diabetes, infertility

CNS complications

Myopathy, hypotonia, tremors, swallowing, neurodevelopmental issues

Everyday burden of illness, reduced life expectancy

High pill burden causes GI discomfort; sulfur body odor and breath

Cystinosis Target Product Profile:

- Prevents, halts or reverses disease; normalizes lifespan
- Addresses all patient segments male & female; kidney transplant independent; all ages
- Lifelong durability single infusion; off cysteamine oral and eye drops
- Impacts hard-to-reach organs e.g., eye, endocrine organs, brain
- Well tolerated no cysteamine-related side effects

Affects ~ 1:170,000 people

Steady enrollment in AVR-RD-04 IST trial in cystinosis ³ patients dosed to date





ACTIVELY RECRUITING:

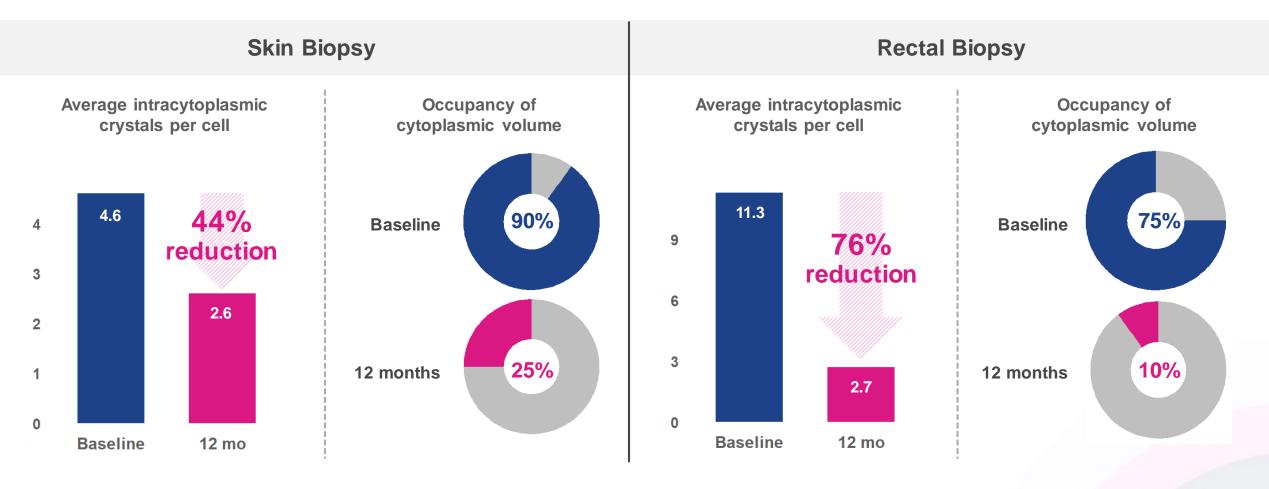


OBJECTIVES	PATIENTS
 Safety and tolerability 	Up to 6 patients
 Hypothesis generation 	 Adults and adolescents
of endpoints	 Cohorts 1-2 >18 years; Cohort 3 >14 years
	 Male and female
	Oral and ophthalmic cysteamine

AVR-RD-04 trial sponsored by University of California, San Diego; IST does not use plato[®] platform Note: AVR-RD-04 aka CTNS-RD-04 IST: Investigator Sponsored Trial



Sharp drop in the number and size of cystine crystals in skin and rectal biopsies

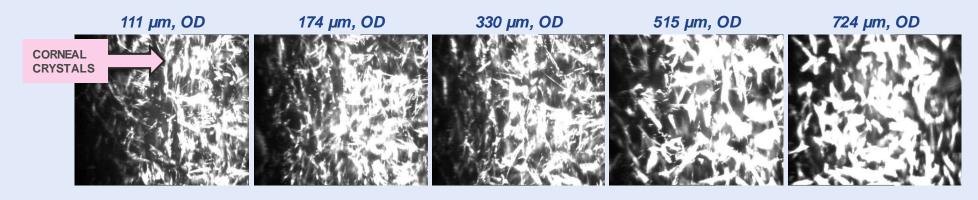


Substantial decline in corneal crystals observed at 1 year



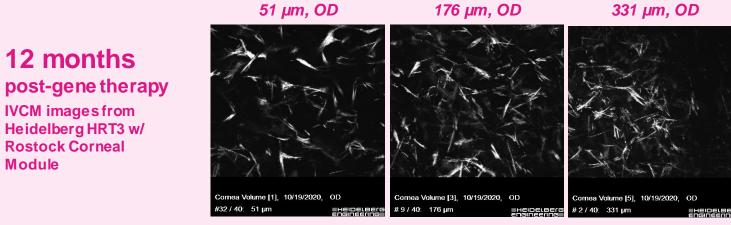
Back of cornea

Front of cornea



Baseline

IVCM images from Nidek Confoscan



1 / 40: 513 µm

Cornea Volume [7], 10/19/2020, OD

HEIDELBEI

513 µm, OD

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Note: These results are for a single patient only and may vary in the study population; IVCM: In Vivo Confocal Microscopy; OD: Oculus Dexter (right eye); HRT3: Heidelberg Retina Tomograph 3

26

First patient remains off cysteamine and eye drops at 1 year

Daily cysteamine regimen

(max per day)

Before	<i>ON</i> cysteamine	ON cysteamine eye drops	
AVR-RD-04	30 pills / day	Prescribed 8 drops / day	

After AVR-RD-04

(1 year post-gene therapy)

OFF cysteamine
0 pills / day

OFF cysteamine eye drops **0 drops / day**

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Note: These results are for a single patient only and may vary in the study population; Investigational gene therapy; Does not include supplements and other medications

Darker pigmentation may be a sign of the fully multi-functional cystinosin protein

- *In vitro* studies show that cystinosin is located in melanosomes, and regulates melanin synthesis
- Due to reduced melanin content, patients typically have blond hair and pale skin
- Protocol amended to assess the impact on melanin synthesis and turnover

Patient 1 appears to exhibit progressively darkening skin, eyebrows and hair color post-infusion, suggesting a possible impact of cystinosin protein on melanin.



Pre-Infusion



6 months Post-Infusion

4 months

9 months



Note: These results are for a single patient only and may vary in the study population; Background removed for clarity Source: Chiaverini et al., FESEB, 2012

No unexpected safety events or trends related to AVR-RD-04 identified in first two patients



No SAEs or AEs related to AVR-RD-04 drug product

AEs reported

- n=29 for subject 1 (12 mo. observation period), n=16 for subject 2 (3 mo. observation period)
- Majority of AEs are mild or moderate and resolved
 - 1 severe AE of appendicitis unrelated to study treatment or procedures

• AEs are generally consistent with myeloablative conditioning or underlying disease:

Pre-AVR-RD-04 treatment and prior to conditioning (not all events listed)

- Diarrhea, hypokalemia, dizziness
- Dehydration, vomiting

Post-AVR-RD-04 treatment (not all events listed)

- Alopecia, intermittent diarrhea, vomiting, loss of appetite
- Mucositis, intermittent febrile neutropenia, intermittent epistaxis
- Intermittent blurry vision, intermittent hypokalemia, mucoceles
- Thrombocytopenia



Planned global regulatory strategy for cystinosis

Planned

50%

Enrolled

POTENTIAL REGISTRATION

- · Adults and pediatrics, males and females
- Mutation-independent, kidney transplant-independent
- Efficacy, durability, safety
- · Ophthalmology, kidney, and other undisclosed
- Multiple crystal measures
- Quality of life

PHASE 1/2 – INVESTIGATOR SPONSORED TRIAL

- n ≤6
- · Adults and adolescents, males and females
- · Mutation-independent, kidney transplant-independent
- Safety, durability, preliminary efficacy
- Biomarker data, kidney function, vision
- Quality of life

Anticipated Next Steps:

- Complete Phase 1/2 enrollment in 2021
- Engage with FDA on registration trial design
- Identify global sites for registration trial
- Prepare plato[®] CMC / analytics requirements

Gaucher disease type 1 opportunity

Adrianna, living with Gaucher disease type 1



Caused by mutation in the gene encoding for glucocerebrosidase (GCase) enzyme

Standard of care (SOC): ERT

- Not curative, relentless progression of disease continues, including bone crisis and fatigue
- Burdensome and expensive bi-weekly infusions required; 5-year treatment cost with ERT = ~\$2.3 million*

Unmet needs with SOC:



Bone-related manifestations

Skeletal abnormalities, avascular necrosis, osteoporosis



Hemoglobin levels and platelet counts Anemia, thrombocytopenia, easy bruising, bleeding

Hepatosplenomegaly

Enlarged liver, enlarged spleen

Everyday burden of illness, and life expectancy

Fatigue, pain, lung disease, biweekly infusions, shortened lifespan

CNS complications

Increased risk of GBA-Parkinson's disease

Gaucher Disease Type 1 Target Product Profile:

- Prevents, halts or reverses disease; normalizes lifespan
- Addresses all patient segments all GD1 genetic mutations, all ages, male & female
- Lifelong durability single infusion; off ERT/chaperone therapy
- Impacts hard-to-reach organs e.g., brain, bone and bone marrow
- Well tolerated no ERT/SRT-related side effects

Affects ~ 1:44,000 people worldwide

PATIENTS

PHASE 1/2

AVR-RD-02

Guard1: Phase 1/2 study in Gaucher disease type 1 1 patient dosed to date

An adaptive, open-label, multinational phase 1/2 study of the safety and efficacy of *ex vivo*, lentiviral vector-mediated gene therapy AVR-RD-02 for patients with Gaucher disease type 1.

OBJECTIVES

- Safety
- Efficacy
- Engraftment

- Enrollment goal: 8-16 patients
- 18-45-year-old males and females
- Have a confirmed diagnosis of GD1 based on:
 - Deficient glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity
 - Clinical features consistent with GD1

Gaucher disease type 1 patients who are:

- ERT-stable for >24 months or
- Treatment-naïve or
- Have not received ERT or SRT in the last 12 months







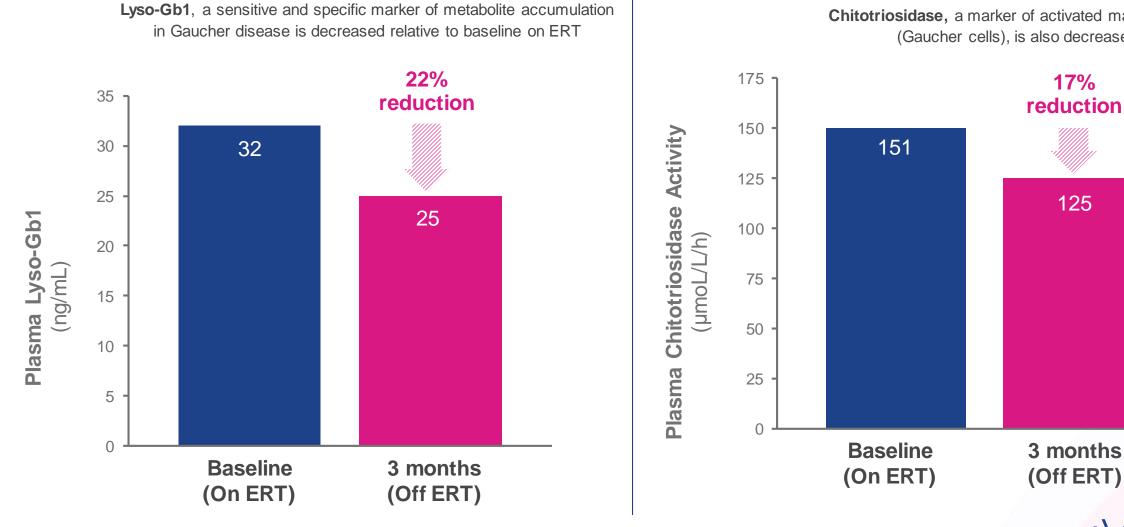
RECRUITING

PLANNED 1H '21:



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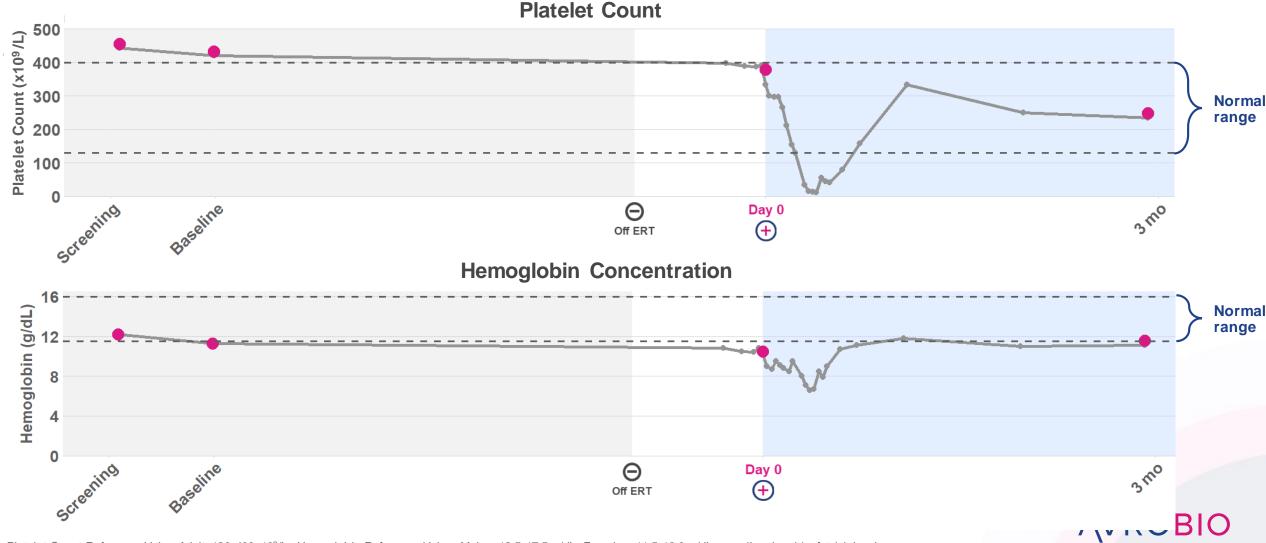


Key biomarkers below ERT levels at 3 months



Chitotriosidase, a marker of activated macrophages (Gaucher cells), is also decreased

Platelet counts and hemoglobin in normal range at 3 months, despite being off ERT



Platelet Count Reference Value Adult: 130-400x10⁹/L; Hemoglobin Reference Value: Males: 13.5-17.5 g/dL; Females: 11.5-16.0 g/dL; grey line: local (safety) lab values; pink dots: central (efficacy) lab values; ERT: Enzyme Replacement Therapy

No unexpected safety events or trends identified



No SAEs or AEs related to AVR-RD-02 drug product

No SAEs reported

- **AEs reported**
- n=26 (3-month observation period)
- Majority of AEs are mild or moderate
 - 8 grade 3 and 1 grade 4
 AEs: 5 definitely or possibly related to busulfan, 1
 definitely related to G-CSF, 1 (eye pain) with unknown relatedness, and 1
 unrelated
- AEs are generally consistent with myeloablative conditioning or underlying disease:

Pre-AVR-RD-02 treatment and prior to conditioning

– Nausea & vomiting

Post-AVR-RD-02 treatment

- Nausea, intermittent headache
- Mucositis, alopecia, febrile neutropenia
- Anemia, thrombocytopenia
- Increased ocular pressure

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Note: These results are for Patient 1 only and may not be representative of the total study population; Safety database cut as of Nov. 3, 2020 AE: Adverse Event; SAE: Serious Adverse Event; G-CSF: Granulocyte Colony Stimulating Factor

Planned global development strategy for Gaucher disease type 1

Planned

PHASE 1/2 EXPANSION: POTENTIAL REGISTRATION

- Safety, efficacy, durability
- Organ volumes, hematologic measures, bone assessments, pain, and QOL

Enrolling

PHASE 1/2

- n=8-16
- Adults, males and females, ages 18-45 years old
- ERT-switch and ERT-naïve
- Safety, efficacy, durability
- Biomarker data, organ volumes, hematologic measures, bone assessments, pain, and QOL

Anticipated Next Steps:

- Present 6-month data at WorldSymposium Q1 '21
- Advance patient enrollment
- Advance regulatory dialogue on registration pathway

"Second Wave" Programs

Hunter, Gaucher Type 3 and Pompe

Proprietary tags deliver therapeutic protein into hard-to-reach organs



Hunter syndrome Pompe disease Tag normalizes Tag normalizes heparan sulfate in brain glycogen substrate in brain 10 -60 -Fold Total Heparan Sulfate µg Glycogen/mg Protein 50 over Normal Mouse * * * * * * * 40 -30 -5. 20 . **** 10 ſ 0 Normal Hunter LV GT LV GT LV GT LV GT Normal Pompe Mouse Mouse w/ Taq Mouse w/ Tag Mouse

38

Hunter syndrome opportunity

Danny, living with Hunter syndrome

Caused by a deficiency of the lysosomal enzyme iduronate-2-sulfatase (IDS) Standard of care (SOC): ERT

- Not curative, significantly reduced lifespan; ERT not able to penetrate the blood-brain barrier
- Burdensome and expensive weekly infusions required; 5-year ERT treatment cost = ~\$2.4 million*

Unmet needs with SOC:



Neurological complications Cognitive deficits, seizures or behavior changes



Skeletal and connective tissue issues

Deformities of neck, face, teeth and skin; joint stiffness (movement)



Respiratory and cardiac system impacts

Chronic infections, respiratory distress, cardiac valve disease



Everyday burden of illness and life expectancy

Impaired vision, loss of hearing, hepatosplenomegaly, inguinal hernias, weekly infusions, significantly reduced life span

Hunter Syndrome Target Product Profile:

- Prevents, halts or reverses disease; normalizes lifespan
- Addresses all patient segments all genetic mutations, neuropathic and nonneuropathic, all ages
- · Lifelong durability single infusion; off ERT
- Impacts hard-to-reach organs, including brain and heart
- Well tolerated no ERT-related side effects

Affects ~ 1:100,000 to 1:170,000 male births worldwide

Anticipated next steps: Dose first patient in 2H 2021



Gaucher disease type 3 opportunity



Maddie, living with Gaucher disease Type 3

Subacute neurological form of Gaucher disease characterized by progressive encephalopathy and associated with the systemic manifestations of Gaucher type 1

Standard of care (SOC): ERT

- Not curative, relentless progression of disease continues; utility of ERT minimized by its inability to impact the CNS
- Burdensome and expensive bi-weekly infusions required; 5-year treatment cost with ERT = ~\$2.3 million*

Unmet needs with SOC:



CNS complications

Seizures, cognitive problems, poor coordination

Bone-related manifestations Bone crises, bone pain, avascular necrosis

Hemoglobin levels and platelet counts

Anemia, thrombocytopenia, easy bruising, bleeding

Hepatosplenomegaly

Enlarged liver, enlarged spleen



Everyday burden of illness, and life expectancy Fatigue, pain, shortened lifespan

Gaucher Disease Type 3 Target Product Profile:

- Prevents, halts or reverses disease; normalizes lifespan
- Addresses all patient segments all genetic mutations, all ages, male & female
- Lifelong durability single infusion; off ERT/SRT
- Impacts hard-to-reach organs e.g., brain, bone and bone marrow
- Well tolerated no ERT-related side effects

Anticipated next steps: Dialogue with FDA about path to clinic



Pompe disease opportunity



Caused by mutation in acid alpha-glucosidase (GAA) gene Standard of care (SOC): ERT

- Not curative, significantly reduced lifespan; ERT not able to impact hard-to-reach organs, i.e., brain and heart
- Burdensome and expensive bi-weekly infusions required; 5-year treatment cost = ~\$3.2 million*

Unmet needs with SOC:



- Pulmonary function
- Chronic respiratory infections, sleep apnea, artificial ventilation

Physical endurance and strength

Progressive muscle weakness, wheel-chair bound

CNS complications

Neuromuscular control, cognitive impairment

GI complications

Macroglossia, difficulty chewing and swallowing

Everyday burden of illness, and life expectancy Biweekly infusions, shortened lifespan

Pompe Disease Target Product Profile:

- Prevents, halts or reverses disease; normalizes lifespan
- Addresses all patient segments all genetic mutations (classic infantile-onset, non-classic infantile-onset, and late-onset), all ages, male & female
- Lifelong durability single infusion; off ERT
- Impacts hard-to-reach organs brain, spinal cord, PNS: global distribution of genetically modified microglia; skeletal and cardiac muscle
- Well tolerated no ERT-related side effects

Affects ~ 1:58,000 people

Anticipated next steps: Align with FDA on classic infantile-onset trial design

41



plato®

AVROBIO's platform for global gene therapy commercialization

 Redefines manufacturing best practices Solves key industry challenges

Designed to be fully scalable

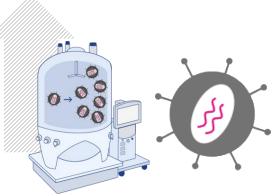
Common components and automation leveraged across manufacturing



PLASMID

3 of 4 component plasmids used in every vector

Each plasmid can be mass produced and stored for use



VECTOR

State of the art, largest scale, 200L vector production

Expansion through simple installation of additional units, mass produced, frozen, and stored for use

DRUG PRODUCT Closed system automated platform

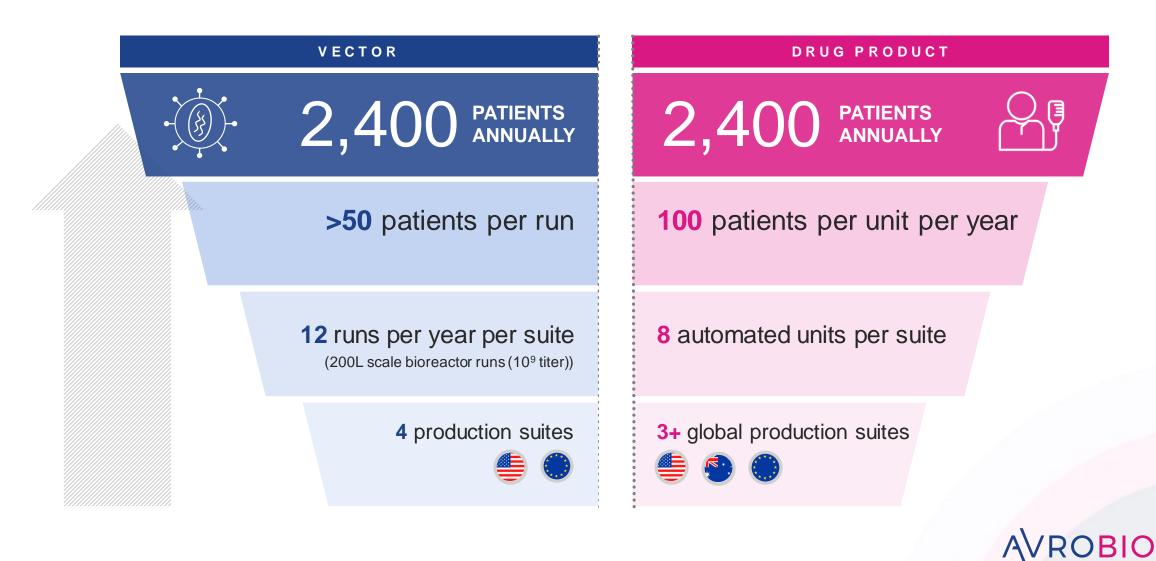
Scale out of manufacturing suites and automation units to meet patient demand





Poised to manufacture at scale

Global infrastructure already in place



CMC achievements have defined the plato® story



Strategic investment in technology laid the foundation for our manufacturing leadership

Manufacturing

Robust production platform

- Best-in-class LV manufacturing
- Scalable from plasmid to drug product

Global footprint

Cleared for the clinic from multiple agencies

Cost effective

Intended to address key COGs issues

Analytics

Robust platform analytics

- Best-in-class VCN assay
- First-in-class transduction assay

Deep product characterization

• First-in-class single cell analytics

Potency assay matrix

Intended to accelerate regulatory approvals



Key anticipated 2021 milestones



Goal: 30 patients dosed cumulatively by end of 2021 Seek agreement with regulators on approval pathway in one or more major markets

Execute on global phase 1/2 trial

Complete phase 1/2 enrollment Engage w/ FDA on pivotal trial design

Dose first patient in 2H of 2021

Gaucher type 3 AVR-RD-06

FDA dialogue on path to clinic

Pompe AVR-RD-03

Fabry

AVR-RD-01

AVR-RD-02

AVR-RD-04

Hunter

AVR-RD-05

Cystinosis

Gaucher type 1

Prepare for classic infantile-onset study

Next planned data release: WORLDSymposium 2021 (week of February 8)



Thank you

1